

IRMA DISTRICT
The Irma District is the most important Oil, Natural Gas and Mixed Farming District in Alberta. 110 miles S. E. of Edmonton, 200 miles N. W. of Saskatoon. If you want to keep in touch with this important district, subscribe for The Irma Times and get all the news each week.

IRMA TIMES

TO DRILLERS AND PROMOTERS
We own some of the best located lands in the IRMA-FABYAN-WAINWRIGHT field. If you are in a position to develop some of these lands, please hear from you.
IRMA OIL HOLDINGS LTD.
IRMA, Non-Residential Property ALBERTA.

Development of Alberta's Natural Resources Will Bring Prosperity

THE ALBERTA OIL GAZETTE

The Only Paper in Alberta Keeping Pace With Oil Operations

Vol. 7; No. 52.

Irma, Alberta, Friday, May 2nd, 1924.

Single Copies 5c each. \$2.00 Per Year in Advance

New Oil Fields Becoming Active

Several Companies Have Started Their Season's Operations---Next Few Weeks Should See Several More Here.

Maple Leaf Company Start Derrick.

Monday morning Mr. R. E. Williams managing director of the Maple Leaf Oil Company of Vancouver arrived at Fabyan and arranged with Mr. N. V. King owner of the South half of Sec. 24-45-8 for the surface rights for their new well. The material for their derrick arrived last Saturday and is now being moved to the new location. This site is about one mile north and one and a half mile west of Fabyan station and about 9 miles east of Irma. We understand a contract has been given to Mr. P. Laird of Wainwright to erect the derrick and get it ready for the drilling machinery which is being shipped from Vancouver.

Mr. Beresford head driller is at the new location and will commence installing the machinery as soon as it arrives.

The Maple Leaf company has 1100 acres of leases in the Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright field and we believe they have selected a very promising location for their first well.

B. P. MOVING MATERIAL.
Mr. Emmens, geologist and field manager for the British Petroleum Ltd., was in Wainwright Monday and completed arrangements for the moving of the lumber and machinery to the location for their next well. This well will be on L. S. 4 of Section 29-45-6-4th in the section east of the one on which No. 2 well was brought in last fall.

MUTUAL OIL COMPANY OF VANCOUVER SECURES RIG.
Captain W. B. Laycock, president of the Mutual Oil Co., of Vancouver was in the district the first of the week completing arrangements for the location of their first well. This company we understand has sufficient capital to commence operations without applying to the public for subscriptions. We are advised that a combination rotary and standard rig has been obtained and that operations will be under way before the end of June.

GENERAL OIL DEVELOPMENT CO. SECURES NEW RIG.

Mr. J. J. Rutledge, president of the General Oil Development Co. was in Wainwright last week and assured The Times that his company would be prepared to commence drilling within the next few weeks. A standard rig is being used on the first well as the company have been unable to secure delivery of the big Boundary Bay outfit that The Times had reported they were shipping to Wainwright. Mr. Rutledge has let the contract for a new residence on lots he recently purchased from the town of Wainwright.

LOCAL COMPANY PREPARING TO DRILL.

The Irma Oil Development company are anxious to resume drilling at their well adjoining the town of Irma and expect to get started in the near future. Some ten or twelve other companies are reported to be arranging to start operations or are conducting various campaigns to raise the necessary amount of capital to enable them to secure the necessary machinery and operate it. On account of the many misleading statements in regard to Canadian oil and Canada's regulations, that have been broadcast through the American and Canadian press this has required a great deal more effort than it should have when it is considered that residents of Alberta are paying nearly double the price for oil and gasoline that is being paid in far less promising districts in the U. S., one would think it would be easy to secure capital to develop this important industry.

Among the companies that have been organized and who we believe all hold very valuable leases, are Globe Drilling Co., Palmer Interests, Baxter Lake Oil Co., Drumheller Oil & Gas Co., Alberta Associated Oil Co., Crown Oil Co., Reliance Oils, Western Consolidated Oils, Anglo-Wainwright Oils, and Alberta Pacific Oil Co.

THE VIKING GAS AND OIL FIELD.

(By W. H. Collier, Viking)

Five years ago Eugene Coste, one of the most eminent oil geologists in America made a detailed survey of the Viking gas and oil field for a report he was making to an Eastern Company. He had before him the logs of nine gas wells north of Viking that had been completed at the time so he had exact knowledge of the structure of the field. He predicted then that oil in abundance would be found along the Battle River Anticline and the wells at Fabyan and Wainwright are the first to verify his prediction. But these are only a start. As soon as a big pool is struck hundreds of derricks will spring up in a few months.

His report states that the gas from the nine wells is obtained in two different sands separated by about 120 ft. of dark blue shales. The thickness of the upper sand is from 25 feet to 40 feet and gas was struck in several pay streaks in that sand in every one of the nine wells, the total production of the nine wells from that sand being thirty-six million cubic feet per day open flow measurements at the mouth of the wells. Six and a half million feet more gas was struck in Nos. 1 and 6 in the lower sand. The rock or closed in pressure of each well is between 710 and 750 lbs.

No. 2 well had a showing of oil of about one barrel per day in the first 14 feet of the lower sand; the oil being a black oil of 21 deg. B. gravity. The drilling of this well was stopped at 2375 feet and the well was plugged in on the top of the lower sand as it was not desired at that time to test the oil possibilities of the territory until the gas field had been further developed. The exact thickness of the lower sand is yet unknown but judging from the outcrops of it 200 miles north of Viking it cannot be less than about 200 feet so that it is likely that lower drilling would have developed one or more oil pays at No. 2 well. Most of the other wells were not drilled to the lower sand as large quantities of gas had been struck in the upper sand.

Structure of the Field

As shown by the Canadian Geological Survey Maps, a broad gentle uplift of the lower part of the Belly River or Judith Series of the Upper Cretaceous underlies this district in a northwest and southeast direction from Vegreville to Provost a distance of 100 miles. This is known as the Battle River Anticline, the river of that name crossing the structure almost at right angles in the centre part of its course. In addition to being located on this prominent uplift the gas

wells are also squarely located on a cross anticlinal uplift running in a direction almost at right angles to the Battle River Anticline. The axis of the cross anticline is about half a mile to the northwest of No. 6 well. There are fairly uniform average dips of the sands on both sides of the cross anticline of about 16 feet to the mile.

In the lower sand the results obtained in the drilling of the wells are quite interesting and they indicate that an oil field of considerable dimensions with good size wells is likely to be obtained by further drilling and this oil field may be expected in the territory to the southeast of the present gas wells.

Following is a log of No. 1 well which is typical of the logs of all the wells in the field:

Recent surface drift: mostly clay for the first 75 feet.

Upper Cretaceous: Belly River or Judith shales for the next 615 feet. Coal was struck at 245 to 245 feet and sandstone at 252 to 272 and a little gas at 395 feet.

Sandstone Milk River S. S. was found between 600 feet and 740 ft. Colorado Brown and Blue Shales came next between 740' and 2182' Middle Cretaceous (Grand Rapids or Upper Sand) between 2182' and 2213'. Benton Shales dark blue, between 2213' and 2335'.

Lower Cretaceous (Dakota or Lower Sand) between 2335' and 2340'.

The Middle and Lower Cretaceous measures which form the Lower portion of the strata encountered in this field as shown by the above log are well known to contain in Wyoming and Montana a number of good sands from which all the oil production of those states is being obtained. The porosity of these sands is also good in the Viking field is attested by the large gas flows struck in each of the nine wells. But what is even more important in the consideration of the problem as to whether oil in quantity can be found in the Viking field or not, is the fact of which there can be no doubt, that the Wyoming Petroleum (oil) fields run north-west from that state through Montana into the Battle River Anticline.

Mr. Coste goes on to say that he has no hesitancy in advocating a number of test wells for oil in the Viking field southeast of the present gas wells feeling very confident of the ultimate results which in his opinion even better than, in Wyoming, where as a rule the strata are too strongly folded and disturbed. The strata in the Viking field are much better formed for oil.

Another eminent geologist who knows the geological formation of Alberta probably better than any other person is Professor John A. Allan of the University of Alberta. For several years he has publicly stated many times that insofar as the general geological structure is concerned the conditions are most satisfactory and suitable for oil accumulation in the Viking Gas wells southeastward. He is very optimistic of the oil possibilities of this territory and would like to see several test wells put down believing that large oil fields will be discovered sooner or later.

Other geologists who have examined the Viking field including J. G. Huntington who located the first gas well have all predicted that oil would be found in large quantities near the present gas field. It remains to induce capital to enter the field in much larger quantity than at present.

REFINERY AT LETHBRIDGE

Gasoline was turned out for the first time last week from the refinery of the Standard Refining Co. at Lethbridge.

CAR ORDER POINT

Edmonton will be made a car order point of the Canadian National railway under an order to be issued during this week according to information which S. Thompson, grain inspector has received from officials of the board of grain commissioners at Winnipeg.

NATURAL RESOURCES CONFERENCE

Premier Greenfield and Attorney General Brownlee will resume negotiations with the Dominion Government at Ottawa, regarding the transfer of the natural resources, on May 9 next.

Irma Creamery Prepares for Busy Season

Two new hands have started work in the Irma Creamery this week. Mr. R. N. Calander formerly of Viking arrived Tuesday night to have charge of the grading of the cream, and E. Hansen, an experienced butter-maker from Denmark will assist Mr. Madsen in manufacturing the butter. We understand that this season the Irma Creamery intends to maintain the high standard produced during the last season and in this way will be enabled to pay the best price for sweet cream. Farmers will find it to their financial interest to see that their cream is delivered to the creamery often enough to keep it in good condition.

Dominion Veterinary Inspecting Cattle

Dr. R. C. Duthie with the Dominion Live Stock Department was in the Irma district this week inspecting the different herds of cattle especially in regards to mange which has appeared in some herds in Manitoba. These cattle were supposed to have been shipped from some point in Alberta but so far the Department have been unable to trace where the diseased animals came from. All the cattle examined in this district appear to be clear of this disease which at times has been prevalent in some parts of Southern Alberta.

Weekly Review of Alberta Markets

(Calgary Market Examiner)

Wednesday, April 30th.

Cattle.

FEEDERS, STOCKERS—Active buying, with choice stock keep feeders up to \$5.50, bulk of the good ones \$4.50; stockers steers will make up to \$4.50, others down to \$3. Stocker heifers \$2.50; stocker cows \$2.50.

Hogs.

Edmonton hogs during the week have been selling at \$6.75 to \$6.85, thick smooths, off cars; bacon gets 10 per cent premium.

Sheep.

Not enough sheep sold at Edmonton this week to establish values, but likely unchanged, with choice lambs up to \$13; wethers up to \$12, and ewes up to \$8.

Grain.

There has been a firm market on wheat all through this week, with of course slight fluctuations, but keeping up very well. Most of the farmers are now more interested in actual seedling than in selling, but work in Alberta has been delayed in many districts owing to snow storms. While the seedling may be backward the ground generally will be in good condition so far as moisture is concerned.

BUTTER—Alberta centralizing points are now quoting special 30c No. 1 28c, No. 2 25c and off grade 20c at central points, with shipping charges deducted and an additional 5c off for the return of the can. Country point creameries are 2c under these prices, but pay the same price at shipping points for what comes to them by express.

DAILY BUTTER—Receipts and supply light, fancy table grade 23c at markets and dealers giving 17c to 18c on No. 1 in quantities. Factories buying milk on cream basis.

Eggs—Poultry.
EGGS—Unchanged and receipts only moderate, many shipments coming in from country points for storage; Calgary and Edmonton dealers paying 18c on extras; No. 1 16c to 17c; No. 2 13c. **POULTRY**—Receipts light and demand moderate; live hens 13c to 14c; live turkeys 16c for No. 1.

Hay.
Market quiet, though some cars being shipped to the coast from northern points. Nothing encouraging in outlook on feed.

Furs.
Buying demand slower as New York sales progressed. Western prices unchanged at present.

Hides.
Buyers and tanners still quite a piece apart in opinion of values and market slow. Sheep pelts are fairly good sellers. Horsehair holds firm.

IN OTHER TOWNS.

(Saskatoon Star)

Signs have been multiplying during the past few weeks to indicate that business conditions in Western Canada are definitely on the upturn; a more optimistic attitude by bankers, merchants and farmers is becoming general throughout the West. A part of this is of course due to renewed activity on the land, and general opening up of spring work in all lines, but this alone is not sufficient to explain the definite spirit of optimism that is apparent.

Rapidly increasing immigration is partly responsible; the almost daily arrival of large parties of new settlers makes it apparent to everyone that Western Canada is at the beginning of a new period of development. In addition, the knowledge has been widely disseminated that in comparison with other agricultural areas, Western Canada is in a particularly good position, and those who know the fundamental conditions realize that the country is in a sound position.

Just one thing is needed to launch a period of intense activity of far-reaching ramifications in Western Canada: that is an announcement from Ottawa that the Hudson's Bay Railway is to be rushed to completion. The opening up of this natural outlet to the seaboard, if an assured prospect of the immediate future, would cause a surprising burst of activity in the West.

(Peace River Record)

The entire population of the north country is not, as many might believe, in a wild stampede for the nearest railway depot to secure a ticket out of the country. During the last couple of weeks there has been a very definite, if limited, trend the other way, and new settlers have been arriving in both the Peace River and Grande Prairie districts. In an outstanding case reported from Grande Prairie, a number of men are buying one thousand acres to their holdings which are already some four thousand acres in extent and being farmed profitably.

(Leduc Representative)

It is with much regret that the town and district in general learns of the intended departure from Leduc of Mr. MacArthur, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Montreal. Mr. MacArthur is being promoted to the bank's Alliance branch and is leaving in a few days. His successor in Leduc will be Mr. Belcher who was in the Merchants Bank here for a short time about fifteen years. Mr. MacArthur originally came from Viking.

(Camrose Canadian)

As a result of the New Salem school board offering one cent for each gopher tail, the children of the district are busy hunting down those pestiferous little rodents. It is stated that last year some of the New Salem farmers found it unnecessary to use poison so thoroughly did the children wipe them out of existence.

(Tofield Mercury)

C. W. Piper gave the youngsters of the Ross Creek district some fun last week. He colored 200 eggs and hid them throughout the district. The school children and young people of the district hunted for them and found practically all of them.

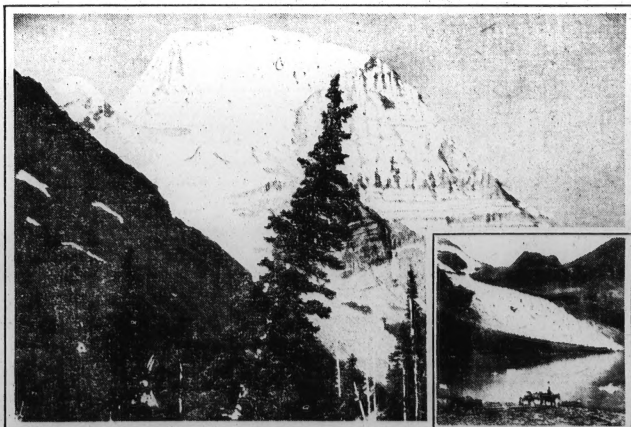
(Red Deer Advocate)

Mr. R. A. Van Slyke, Balmoral, and Mr. J. E. C. Oldford, Horn Hill, have brought in nice bunches of pure bred Aberdeen Angus stock bought from Mr. Thos Henderson, Lacomba, with which they plan to build up purebred Angus herds.

ALBERTA HIGHEST AVERAGE IN MILK PRODUCTION

Alberta's average production of milk is well over that of the whole Dominion, according to a summary of cow testing work, carried out by the dairy and cold storage branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture. Months or longer for the Dominion. The average production for eight years was 5,928 pounds, but Alberta's figure rose to 7,136. Average fat production for the Dominion was 225.5 pounds and here again Alberta's cows went better than the average and attained 255.7.

THE MONARCH OF THE ROCKIES



FEW camera enthusiasts approach Mount Robson, the monarch of the Canadian Rockies, without resolving to secure at least half a dozen good photographs of this towering peak for inclusion in their albums when they return home. And to assist the camera enthusiast in his or her laudable endeavor, the Canadian National Railways management has arranged that all trains passing the foot of Mount Robson and other towering peaks along the main line of the Canadian National will stop for five minutes at the foot of this mountain.

Mount Robson and Mount Robson Park is the mecca each year of thousands of tourists who have adopted the slogan "See Canada First," and in the fall big game hunting enthusiasts find that the territory surrounding Mount Robson is the finest big game territory to be found on the American continent. There mountain sheep and goats, grizzly, black and cinnamon bear and a wide variety of large and small game are plentiful and within easy reach of the hunter who may be outfitted at the park headquarters.

The national parks are, of course, game sanctuaries, but game in the territory surrounding their

borders is lawful prey for the hunter, and usually, in the vicinity of a park, game is plentiful.

Photograph shows Mount Robson, 13,988 feet in height, as it is seen from the north side, where the mighty peak towers 10,000 feet above the level of the valley. Each year intrepid climbers attempt to scale its heights, and find thrills and plenty in the attempt. The smaller picture inset shows Berg Lake, at the foot of Mount Robson near where the Alpine Club of Canada will this year hold its annual camp, in the heart of Canada's finest mountain scenery.

RED ROSE

TEA "is good tea"

Folks who want the very best use
RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE

Bovril
the mighty energiser

The Time To Get Busy

With the month of March drawing to a close Western Canada makes ready for that annual renewal of activities characteristic of the country. While all Canada is, broadly speaking, a country of seasonal occupations, this is especially true of the West and prairie provinces. In the East manufacturing proceeds throughout the year, but the greatest period of activity is in the summer. The farmer who labors in the lumber mills in the summer, disappears in the woods during the winter felling the trees to make summer operations in the mills possible. But even in the East the coming of Spring means the beginning of real activity.

Here in the West, with the exception of coal mining in Alberta, the coming of Spring is the signal not only for the commencement of farm operations, but for renewed building operations, the carrying forward of municipal works of all kinds, road building, railway construction—in a word, all these activities to which a crop is put during winter weather.

It means the opening of navigation on Canada's lakes and rivers, the inauguration of the immigration rush, a veritable Rip Van Winkle awakening from the slumber of winter.

And with this great awakening at hand it behooves the people of Canada to resolve as individuals and as a nation to make the most of 1924. Now Year's Day may fall on January 1, but Canada's real New Year's comes with the passing of winter and the move on to better weather, and the advent of Spring with all its opportunities and possibilities.

The year prospects itself as one full of promise. Business conditions throughout the Dominion have been steadily improving. Betterments have been recorded from month to month for some time past in Canadian trade returns, in Bank Clearings, in railway earnings, in the declining number of commercial failures, in all those things whereby we measure the material progress and welfare of a country. And the business barometer is raising: It indicates fair weather ahead.

Coupled with these favorable signs is a grim determination in evidence in all directions to "go easy" in the matter of immediately unnecessary expenditures and the accumulation of debt. The watchword in Canada today is "strict economy" consistent with efficiency and service. The popular demand is not for further large public expenditures, which means more debt, but retrenchment and debt reduction leading to lessened taxation.

There are all favorable symptoms in the body politic. But something more is required to prove that added impetus so essential to a real revival of productive activity throughout the whole Dominion. With the commencement of building operations each year, there crops up the question of wage schedule, hours and conditions of labor, etc., etc. After a winter of idleness, artisans and laborers under the direction of their Union leaders, make demands for the maintenance of wages at the old war-time peak. The miners ask for it, so do the lumbermen, and the transportation workers, and finally the artisan and laborer. The net result is that building costs are so high that construction works of all kinds are discouraged and abandoned because it becomes unprofitable for the man with money to invest to proceed.

Instead of the wheels of industry beginning to revolve and gather momentum as they should, they are clogged at outset; instead of employment becoming general, another period of almost winter stagnation ensues. Valuable time is lost and a month or more of our all too short building season is gone before anything worth while can be accomplished.

The workers are thus standing in their own light and sacrificing their own best interests. Acceptance of a somewhat lower and more reasonable wage in view of existing conditions would soon develop a situation where there would be steady employment for all; work would be available earlier in the year and with the volume of work started would continue later in the Fall. In the long run each man would earn more in the season through the additional length of time employed, while the number to be employed would be vastly increased.

As a result of the greater activity, larger sums of money would be placed in active circulation, all business would benefit, and, because of larger turn-overs by merchants, prices of necessities to the consumer would be lowered, thereby giving a greater purchasing power to the worker's day's pay and more than compensate for the fact that such pay was somewhat smaller than he was inclined to demand.

The best interests of our people, and of Canada as a country demands that, with the opening of our annual season of activity, every person get to work just as quickly as possible and work with diligence and unremitting vigor until winter again steps in and craps a halt. What Canadians should aim at this year is not a minimum of working hours, but the full maximum of which they are capable consistent with proper protection of health and the unimpairment of their mental faculties and physical strength.

Spring Shows and Sales

The annual spring livestock show and sale at Calgary is scheduled for March 26 to 28. Edmonton, March 31 and April 1, while the annual bull sale at Lacombe will take place on June 2 and 4.

Miller's Worm Powders act so thoroughly that stomachic and intestinal worms pass from the child without being noticed and without inconvenience to the sufferer. They are pleasant and perfect in action, and at all times will be found a healthy medicine, strengthening the infantile stomach, and maintaining it in vigorous operation so that, besides being an effective vermifuge, they are tonical and health-giving in their effects.

She—"I don't care for men. In fact, I've said, 'No' to several of them." He—"What were they selling?"

CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother's Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 20 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrup. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians everywhere

Yeoman Warders Threaten to Strike—The "beekeepers" who guard the Tower of London have threatened to go on strike unless His Majesty's officials see fit to reduce their hours of work. The "yeoman warders," as they are officially termed, and who are all old army sergeants with "spotted records," claim they were promised an additional five members to their corps, which would reduce the individual working hours from ten to eight days. The five have never been appointed.

Hard and soft corns both yield to Holloway's Corn Remover, which is carefully safe to use, and certain and satisfactory in its action.

Self-made men are yet in an impatient state. They haven't eliminated the noise.

Wherever recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The British Navy.

Not Taking the Responsibility of
Reducing Britain's Only
Safe Guard

Nations are out of luck when the wilful ideas of men contradict all that men know of human motives and action. Here in the United States we may blunder and blunder through. The bill (for national defence) is still, but it can be put through. There are some blunders. Great Britain cannot make and survive. A dockers' strike can make it hungry. A superior fleet could starve it into submission even if there were not any army behind the better navy. Even Mr. MacDonald, a dissembler man before a headed government, will not take that responsibility, and it is good for England that he will not and that, even if he would, he cannot control a majority to put such a programme over—Chicago Tribune.

HOME TREATMENT SAFE AND EFFICIENT

Alleviating People Made Strong By Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do one thing, and do it well. They build up the blood, increasing the number of red corpuscles. As this is done the blood becomes a richer red and is able to carry more oxygen, the great supporter of human life. As the blood improves in quality the tissues of the body are better nourished and the functions of the body are better performed. This is the reason Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been so successful in the treatment of diseases due to poor blood, and it is also the reason why they are so successful in building up strength after fevers and acute diseases. Among those who have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with great advantage is Mrs. Helena B. Taylor, Hanover, Ont., who says: "Not long ago I was critically ill. The trouble started with an anemia and a run-down system, and ended with pleurisy. I was confined to my bed for three months and three doctors were in attendance at different times. My life was despaired of, and I was practically living on doctors' medicine, because I could not eat. My friends did not expect me to recover. During my illness Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had brought me through a severe attack of anemia, and my medical adviser told me to try them again. The doctor could not understand why we wanted to try these pills, but he felt to do so. After taking six boxes a decided change was taking place. I was actually getting hungry and anxious to live. After using twelve boxes a miracle was worked. I could walk and felt my strength coming back, and people on all sides were asking what was telling me, and we were not slow in telling them it was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. With my health fully restored through the use of these pills I am a striking example of what this wonderful medicine can do, and need never see a pale or sickly-looking girl or woman that I do not feel like going to her and asking why she does not take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Dairying in Alberta

Forty-five creameries in Alberta, north of Red Deer, in six months last year produced 9,872,000 pounds of butter valued at approximately \$3,000,000. In addition, during the same period, 11 cheese factories in the same district made 350,000 pounds of cheese.

Cause of Asthma. No one can say with certainty what causes the establishing of asthmatic conditions. Dust from the street, from flowers, from grain, and various other irritants may set up a trouble impossible to eradicate except through a sure preparation such as Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Uncertainty may exist as to cause, but there can be no uncertainty regarding a remedy which has treated a generation of asthmatic victims from this scourge of the bronchial tubes. It is sold everywhere.

Alberta Creameries

Produced 17,750,000 lbs. of Butter Last Year

Seventy-five creameries in Alberta last year produced 17,750,000 lbs. of butter, as compared with 15,417,070 lbs., representing the output of 54 creameries in 1922, according to the provincial dairy commissioners' report. In addition the production of cheese has shown a remarkable growth. In 1922, 14 factories produced 331,992 lbs., while in 1923, 13 factories had an output of 1,550,000 lbs., an increase of almost 100 per cent.

Worms sap the strength and undermine the vitality of children. Strengthen them by using Mother Graves' Worm Expeller to drive out the parasites.

Record-Breaking Crop

A late report of a record-breaking crop comes from the Melstone district on the main line of the Canadian National Railway, west of North Battleford, Saskatchewan, where Rowlin Brothers sowed eight acres of oats for green feed. They threshed the crop, which yielded 125 bushels to the acre and weighed 40 pounds to the bushel.

Minard's Liniment for Headache

W. N. U. 1517

War On Drug Evil

Federal Department Undertakes

Suppression of Drug Traffic

Since June, 1919, when the Dominion Government undertook the suppression of the drug traffic on an extensive scale, the scope of the work has steadily increased. States F. W. Cowan, chief of the narcotic division of the department of health. "I find the nations of the world undertake to co-operate in the stamping out of the illicit trading in drugs, no one was fully aware of the extent to which the traffic was being carried on. During the past few years there has been more mutual understanding between countries in endeavoring to catch the big dope dealers than ever before."

The result of this co-operation between the governments and police of nations has been that the actual arrests and convictions in Canada have not increased materially. The federal department by working with the Royal Canadian Mounted Police has directed its efforts chiefly to the shadowing and arresting of the men "higher up" who in many cases are not addicts themselves but merely direct and carry on the business negotiations of the illicit trading. The actual shadowing and arresting of addicts and small peddlars has been left for the most part to the various local police forces. Only in such cases as may lead to the conviction of the men who are the centre of the big rings does the federal department take an active part.

In November of this year the opium committee of the League of Nations Council will meet to determine, if possible, the actual quantity of opium required for legitimate purposes in the world. It is hoped that this will lead eventually to restrictions upon the commercial production. While there are drastic regulations in some countries regarding the sale and importation of narcotics authorities are even working in the dark because drugs can be brought into a country in bond under disguises of lawful manufactured goods and then shipped to another country and accordingly it is almost impossible to maintain any effective record of the drugs in circulation. Canada is playing an active part in the international fight against the traffic, according to Mr. Cowan and photographs and finger prints of suspected dealers are constantly exchanged.

NO MORE WEAK and DIZZY SPELLS Since She Used

MILBURN'S

Heart and Nerve Pills

Mrs. Bertha Charlotte, Regina, Sask., writes:—"I have had a lot of trouble lately, with what I thought was heart trouble, and after any unusual exertion I always felt sick."

My doctor advised a complete rest and change, but this I was unable to take.

I became interested in Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, so started taking them. I have now taken three boxes and am so much improved I can go about my daily work without feeling any after ill effects, and have not had any weak or dizzy spells for some time. Your medicine has done me more good than anything I have ever taken, and I will gladly recommend Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills to any woman who is weak and run-down."

Price 50c per box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Yes, It's Harder!

"He went through a fortune in less than two years."

"I'll find it difficult to go through his poverty that fast."—Detroit Free Press.

MRS. ROSE CRAIG

"Toronto, Ont.—From the time of my earliest girlhood I have always heard my mother speak in highest praise of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for women's ailments, so it is not at all strange that after I married and had backaches, nervous spells and other distresses that should remember what my mother had always said of this Prescription, and I found it relieved me of my aches, pains and nervousness. It gave me renewed health and strength and so greatly benefited me that I have no hesitancy in saying that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is absolutely perfect as a tonic and nerve for women who are ailing or nervous."—Mrs. Rose Craig, 267, Backus St.

You'll soon feel better if you obtain this Prescription of Dr. Pierce at your nearest drug store, in tablets or liquid, or send 50c to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeport, Conn., for trial package tablets. Write for free medical advice.

SPARKLING EYES FOLLOW GOOD HEALTH

In Her Mother's Footsteps
A visitor said to a little girl, "And what will you do, my dear, when you are as big as your mother?" "Diet," replied the modern child.—Tit-Bits (London).

The record for the greatest distance ever walked in one day—127 miles, 1,219 yards—is held by Haves of England.

The term cyclope was first applied to storms about the middle of the 19th century, after they were found to be circular in form.

Minard's Liniment for Corns

Ogden's CUT PLUG

Now in
Vacuumized Tins



always fresh

Ogden's Liverpool.

T. R. Scuttled Fleet

German Ships at Scapa Flow to be Broken Up When Raised

It is stated that the contract between the Admiralty and Messrs. Cox and Danks, iron and steel merchants and shipbuilders, of 28 Queensborough, for the salvage of the German fleet sunk at Scapa Flow, has been completed. The ships, when raised, will be broken up.

"It is probably the biggest salvage feat ever attempted," said a salvage authority. "There is no precedent for operations on such a scale."

It is understood that several salvage and shipbuilding companies—including an American syndicate—were offered the contract. An unsuccessful English firm is said to have offered £1,000 for the right to sell or to buy the Admiralty £1,500 a year for the use of their four lifting barges and £2,500 for the ships.

The vessels scuttled by the Germans at Scapa Flow in June, 1919, were 11 battleships, 5 battle cruisers, 8 light cruisers and 28 destroyers. A battleship, 3 light cruisers, and a destroyer were raised by the Admiralty in July, 1919.

Messrs. Cox and Danks will use the ex-German floating dock for submarines surrendered after the armistice, for use as a floating workshop in the salvage operations.

Repairs to H. B. Road

Present Roadbed Will be Put Into Condition This Season

"It will take approximately \$1,250,000 to rebuild the old Hudson Bay Railway line of 332 miles between The Pas and Kettle Rapids."

"The present roadbed will command our entire attention for year and gangs of workmen will be put to work as soon as weather conditions prove favorable."

This was the message that A. E. Warren, general manager of western lines, Canadian National Railway, had to give in an interview with a Saskatoon Daily Star reporter on his return from a tour of inspection of the Hudson Bay road.

"Work," said Mr. Warren, "will be especially concentrated on the 118 miles between Iqaluit Mile 124 and the end of the steel at Kettle Rapids. It is in this section that the old Hudson Bay railway is in need of re-balancing most. It is a hard season's work, but a large gang of men will be on the job as soon as the weather is favorable and by fall the 332 miles should be in first class running order."

Should Be Encouraged

Women's attitude towards tobacco nowadays—so far as concerns the men of her household—is one of encouragement rather than opposition, because she realizes that men are better tempered when they smoke.

Women's attitude towards tobacco nowadays—so far as concerns the men of her household—is one of encouragement rather than opposition, because she realizes that men are better tempered when they smoke.

Women's attitude towards tobacco nowadays—so far as concerns the men of her household—is one of encouragement rather than opposition, because she realizes that men are better tempered when they smoke.

Women's attitude towards tobacco nowadays—so far as concerns the men of her household—is one of encouragement rather than opposition, because she realizes that men are better tempered when they smoke.

Women's attitude towards tobacco nowadays—so far as concerns the men of her household—is one of encouragement rather than opposition, because she realizes that men are better tempered when they smoke.

Women's attitude towards tobacco nowadays—so far as concerns the men of her household—is one of encouragement rather than opposition, because she realizes that men are better tempered when they smoke.

Britain's War Debt to Canada

Adjustment Has Been Reached and Payment Will Be Made Soon

The Canadian Press learns that an adjustment of accounts between Canada and Great Britain with regard to war liabilities has been made, and the amount that Canada is to receive has been settled.

The Dominion will receive from Great Britain certain Canadian bonds and a sum in cash. The whole payment will amount to between \$8,000,000 and \$10,000,000. The payment will become operative on April 1.

Would End Leprosy

A campaign to raise funds for the treatment of 300,000 lepers in the British Empire has been launched in London. If sufficient funds can be raised it is hoped that Great Britain will be purged of the disease within a generation.

Pains In Back Subdued Sore Chest Relieved

A Nova Scotian Tells How She Overcame Her Troubles With

NERVILINE

"I consider Nerviline the best remedy for a cold, sore throat or tightness across the chest," writes Miss Lacey Mosher, from Windsor, N.S. "For years our home has never been without Nerviline. I had a cold on my chest that fourteen remedies couldn't break up. I rubbed on Nerviline three times a day, used Nerviline as a gargle and was completely restored." It's because Nerviline is so powerful, so penetrating, so sure to relieve congestion, that it is used in most homes, for the prevention and relief of a hundred minor ills. Get a 25c bottle today.

All the clocks on King George's estate at Sandringham are kept half an hour ahead of official time to insure punctuality.

Near Fresno, Calif., is a big orchard of 12,000 apple trees. It is the largest orchard of its kind in the world.

MOTHER OF TWIN BOYS

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieved Her of Inflammation and Great Weakness

West St. John, N. B.—"I was in a general run-down condition following the birth of my twin boys. I had a great deal of inflammation, with pains and weakness. Finally my doctor recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. He said that your medicine would be the only thing to build me up. I am sure he is right, for I am feeling much better and am gaining in weight, having gone down to ninety-three pounds. I was bed for over a month, but am up again now. I have recommended the Vegetable Compound to my friends and give you permission to use my letter. Mrs. Emma A. Ritchie, 82 Rodney St., West St. John, N. B."

There are many women who find their household duties almost unbearable owing to some weakness or derangement. The trouble may be slight, yet cause such annoying symptoms as dragging pains, weakness and a run-down feeling.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a splendid medicine for such conditions. It has in many cases relieved these symptoms by removing the cause of them. Mrs. Ritchie's experience is but one of many.

You might be interested in reading Mrs. Pinkham's Private Test-Book upon the "Ailments of Women." You can get a copy free by writing the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Oshkosh, Ontario.

The Prairie Flower Garden Will Prove Source Of Delight If Proper Methods Are Used

(By G. A. B. Krock, Horticulturist, Canadian Pacific Railway Company)

At one time there was a general impression that wheat and other grains were the only crops that would grow on the prairie, but we know now that in spite of many drawbacks such as short growing seasons, drought, and at times severe winter weather, many vegetables can be grown and many varieties of flowers.

No doubt a great many of the readers of this have grown flowers around their homes with considerable success, but to those who are still doubtful I would suggest a visit to the many public gardens in our cities and to our government stations, not to mention the numerous private gardens which are being constructed in larger numbers every year.

Having decided to make a flower garden you will have to choose the style of garden you want and where you will have it. I would recommend what is known as the "mixed border" rather than formal flower beds, it being less trouble and cost to maintain and more in keeping with the general surroundings. Place the border to the side or back of the lawn and do not make it too prominent a feature in the front yard.

Of course you will have to look to the soil, you don't want it too light and sandy, as it will not hold moisture, neither do you want a heavy clay which is too hard to work, but you should aim to get a soil between these two extremes, one that will be rich and hold the moisture and easy to work. A heavy clay soil can be improved by adding plenty of manure.

The next consideration is the preparation of the soil. This should have been attended to last fall, but we will assume that you had not then decided on making a garden, so that you will not feel that you neglected an opportunity. However, as soon as the frost is out of the ground sufficiently this spring, I would advise you to have it dug deeply with a fork or spade, and if the soil be poor see that some well rotted manure is worked in during the digging process.

As it is too early to start work on the land, I would suggest that you secure a seed catalogue from some reliable seedman. Now you will have an interesting time choosing among the many different kinds of plants, and possibly some worry, if you do not know what plants you want to grow.

Let us first consider the hardy annuals as they are the easiest to grow. They require no artificial aid, such as hotbed or greenhouse, but grow and bloom freely if the open air. The seed should be sown outdoors as soon as the ground can be worked freely. The following kinds are best for the prairie country: Sunflower, Sweet Peas, Centaurea or Cornflower, Marigold, Poppies, Catnip, Dwarf and Climbing Nasturtiums, Phlox, Drummond, Mignonette, Candytuft, California Poppy, Portulaca, Calceola and Sweet Alyssum.

If you wish to obtain extra early bloom, you should sow seed of Marigold, Centaurea, Nasturtium and Phlox indoors in shallow boxes about the middle of March. Put two or three inches of sandy loam in the box, sow your seed and cover twice the thickness of the seed, pressing the soil down with a board or the palm of your hand.

When they are well out of the seed-ling they should be planted in other boxes, in rows about three inches apart to allow them room to grow and make strong plants. They should be planted in their permanent places about the middle of May.

Of the half-hardy annuals there are several that you can use to advantage such as Aster, Flowering Tobacco, Plant, Zinnia, Stock, Verbena, Petunia, Pyrethrum (Golden Feather) and Lobelia. All of these can be raised indoors from seeds as outlined for the hardy annuals but would advise planting them outdoors a little later, say

about the first week in June, or when danger of frost is over.

As there are few biennials worth the trouble to plant, we will not stop to consider them.

Passing on to the perennials, we find many old favorites such as Golden Glow, Canterbury Bell, Columbine, Bleeding Heart, Larkspur, Iris, Perennial Phlox, Paenony, Cypripedium, Oriental and Iceland Poppy, Sweet William, Pinks and Pyrethrum Roseum.

I would not advise to raise all of these from seed, but rather buy the roots or plants. There are a number, however, that would not be difficult to raise from seed, but you would not get much bloom the first year. Perennials can be left in the ground over winter, but should be covered with straw manure or other litter.

Of the less hardy varieties, I might mention the Dahlia, roots of which may be planted in the spring, will give a good show of bloom during the late summer, but the roots must be dug up after the first few frosts and stored in cellar over winter. The Foxglove and Hollyhock are very desirable plants but are not hardy enough to stand a severe winter.

We will assume now that planting has arrived and that you are going to start on your mixed flower border. I would advise you to start in a small way and gradually increase as you become familiar with plants and their requirements. For a start you could have a border from 5 to 10 feet wide and from 20 to 30 feet long, or even less. It depends on the time and money you wish to spend on it.

When it comes to the actual arrangement and planting you will find plenty of scope for exercising your good taste and judgment. You will need to bear in mind the various heights to which your plants will grow and take care that you do not put low growing varieties at the back where they will be hidden by the taller ones.

Once your border is started you can add to it each year. The annuals, of course, have to be renewed each season, but the perennials will be good for many years. When well established they may be lifted and divided and replanted. In this way your stock of plants will continually increase and the perennials will be good for many years. When well established they may be lifted and divided and replanted. In this way your stock of plants will continually increase and the perennials will be good for many years.

When your garden is planted and everything growing you will not have a great deal to do apart from keeping all weeds out, with the hand or hoe, and stirring up the soil now and then to conserve the moisture. Some of the taller plants will need to be tied to a stick for support, and all dead bloom should be picked off, this not only improves the appearance of your plants but tends to keep them in bloom longer.

Just before the severe weather sets in cover your whole border with 3 or 4 inches of straw manure, having previously marked the positions of your perennial plants with small stakes, so that you will not disturb them or possibly dig them out when you begin work again the following spring.

Coming Back

It is encouraging to find that many Canadians who, within the last few years, have been attracted to the United States by reports of higher wages and easy times, have been returning to the Dominion and frankly admitting that they are glad to get back. In Canada, they declare, there is not the same disregard for law and order, and if at times wages are not so high for certain classes of workers, employment is more steady and workers are less subject to the inconvenience and losses inseparable from frequent strikes and lockouts.—The Montreal Transcript.

Preparedness

He—"My dear, it's no use for you to look at those hats; I haven't more than a dollar in my pocket."

She—"You might have known when we came out that I'd want to buy a few things."

He—"I did."

Radio In Canada

Mystic and Cheering Bond Linking Town and City Together

Revived interest in radio in Canada is revealed in figures issued recently by the Federal Government Department of Marine. Since December last 11 licenses for broadcasting stations have been issued by the department, making a total of 45 broadcasting stations in Canada. The new stations are, by provinces, located as follows: Ontario, 5; Nova Scotia, 1; Quebec, 1; British Columbia 2 and Alberta 2.

Montreal leads in the number of receiving licenses issued to amateurs with 6,600, while in Toronto 3,400 have been issued, and the work of collecting the license fees is not nearly completed. Approximately 29,039 radio licenses have been issued to amateurs in Canada up to January 31st, according to the records of the Department of Marine.

Radio is playing an important part in the colonization of Canada. What were regarded before the advent of radio as isolated farmsteads in parts of the country some distance from railways and settlements, are now linked with half the continent by the mystic and cheering bond of radio-telephony so that isolation and distance appear to be, in many respects, only meaningless terms.

Predicts Success of Wheat Pool

Expects Total to be Signed Up in Alberta to Reach 75 Per Cent.

"From the enthusiasm shown, I am quite convinced that the increased acreage campaign which the Alberta wheat pool is commencing will result in the total signed up reaching 75 per cent," declared S. S. Sears, Nanton, Alta., in an interview at Winnipeg. Mr. Sears is on the executive board of the United Farmers of Alberta and on the board of the United Farmers of Manitoba, and was one of the original supporters of the pool in Alberta.

He expressed satisfaction with the progress being made with the pool in Manitoba, and said he hoped the campaign in Manitoba and Saskatchewan would be successful. Next year, he said, they would be able to co-operate with Alberta in selling wheat through one agency.

ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!



Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Lumbago, Neuritis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain, Pain.

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drugists also sell bottles of 24 and 100 Aspirin, the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocacetic acid of Salicylic Acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Continuous Navigation

Of St. Lawrence

New Plan to Prevent Ice Formation in Winter Months

The Rumanian engineer, Dimitrie Joannovic, who some time ago proposed a scheme to divert the icy northern currents away from the Gulf of St. Lawrence by construction of \$500,000 rock dam across the Straits of Belle Isle has advanced a new and less expensive scheme which he predicts will achieve the same purpose.

He now proposes to build a spiked anchor boom across the Belle Isle Straits at an approximate cost of \$3,000,000. The boom would be built of logs linked together and anchored to the bottom by tidal cables. Long hooked spikes from the under sides of the logs would prevent the ice slipping underneath.

In this way he claims the ice would be prevented from drifting down into the Gulf of St. Lawrence. He pointed out that between the boom and Belle Isle a field of ice would form which would have the effect of diverting icebergs out into the Atlantic Ocean. This would enable all-year-round navigation through Cabot Straits and in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

A Boy Scout Hero

"I Mustn't Cry, I'm a Scout," Said Frank Purinton

On the reclaimed land at the foot of the bluff of Yokohama, on the terrible afternoon of September 1, were gathered a crowd of refugees from the flames raging above them. Some were unharmed, but nearly all had some cut or wound as evidence of the fearful experience they were enduring. Among them moved the British chaplain, the Rev. Eustace Strong, attending to the worst cases, and doing his best to cheer up his companions, whose world seemed to have collapsed about them and for whom the future seemed to hold nothing but the darkest despair.

Suddenly in the long grass he saw a small form lying, and with difficulty he was trying to recognize the white little face, when a wee hand went up and a faint voice said: "I'm here, Mr. Strong. All the rest are in Heaven."

"All the rest" meant his father, mother, sister, governess and a friend, and as they tried to raise him, though afterwards it was found that his mother had survived. Poor little Frank Purinton, Wolf Cub, of nine years old, one of the brightest laddies in the settlement, with his right arm and left foot crushed to a pulp. They came at last to remove him to a hospital, but as they tried to raise him, he gave just a little whisper, but he said: "I'm a Boy Scout. But please be very careful of this arm and that foot as they hurt a lot." They carried him gently to the boat and got him on board the Donzola, while as they laid him down, he told them how to put him so that his wounds hurt him least.

The next morning when the doctor approached him, he said, "Don't bother about me, doctor. Look after the others. My time's up."

Soon after he "went home."

The tragedy of it all was that the poor boy's mother was in another ship, and though lists of survivors were circulated the previous evening, owing to a misapprehension she never realized that Frank was then alive, but though she was unable to be with him those last brave hours, she knows that at least one small Wolf Cub "did not give into himself."

Fruit On the Prairies

Saskatchewan Will Soon Be Able to Produce All Fruit Required for Local Market

"Fruit of all descriptions grown in other parts of Canada can be grown in Saskatchewan. There is no reason why, eventually, horticulturists in this province cannot supply all the needs of its population as regards apples, plums, apricots, peaches, cherries and small fruits."

Norman Ross, in charge of forestry inspection work in the prairie provinces, made the above statement at Moose Jaw.

In 1923 at the Indian Head experimental farm, Mr. Ross said 1,500 pounds of choice plums were grown on young trees sheltered by belts of willows, maples and ash. The plums were marketed in Indian Head in competition with the best B.C. varieties and were of equal quality and of better flavor than the coast product.

A barrel of choice apples was also grown. Their size, color and flavor were reminiscent of the Annapolis Valley product.

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Ross, "fruit growing is in bright prospect for the future in this province—and in the other prairie provinces as well," he added.

Will Use Gigantic Flashlight In An Attempt To Be Made To Send A Message To Mars

Shall we at last get a message to Mars? It has been known to astronomers that next August the red planet will be nearer to us than ever in the past fifteen years. During this time science has been busily perfecting instruments for communicating with Mars, and from time to time announcements have been made of intended attempts.

The greatest of all attempts to reach Mars will be made by a series of light flashes from the summit of the Jungfrau, in the Swiss Alps.

A gigantic electro-photographing apparatus is already being installed, which will concentrate the rays from the dazzling snowfields and hurl them in a super-searchlight beam millions of miles through interstellar space.

It is the same idea as the headlight of a motor car. This consists of a glass lens concentrating the beams, an electric bulb and a concave mirror to serve as a reflector.

The idea of light communication with Mars has often been suggested. It was considered possible to get the necessary amount of light and to concentrate it, but the problem has always been how to make a gigantic mirror miles square, sufficiently powerful to reflect the rays millions of miles through the air.

On the Jungfrau the question is solved. A neighboring mountain presents an enormous concave slope of shining snow. Immense great calcium flares will take the place of the electric bulb in the motor headlight, and a huge double lens capable of being pointed like a cannon will be set on the topmost peak to throw the rays against the snow-reflector, and so up through space to Mars. Two thousand giant calcium flares, and a reflector more than three miles in diameter, will develop a light roughly equivalent to two million billion candlepower.

It is with this light that scientists hope to traverse the 35,000,000 miles that will separate us from Mars in August next. Will the Martians (assuming intelligent life exists on that planet) receive and understand our signals? Then will they flash us back a reply?

Some years ago watching astronomers detected what seemed to be a series of light flashes on the planet Mars.

Since then astronomers have watched with even greater care the geometric lines that are by some thought to be canals, and by others lines of vegetation. These change in color as the seasons pass, from red to yellow, and to brown, in the same way as our own landscape changes. These changes indicate the existence of vegetable life on Mars, human life is only one step further.

Mars is older than the earth, and its inhabitants, if there are any, have had some millions of years longer to develop.

This is the system that will probably be used from the Alps. Two light flashes a few seconds apart, then another two; then after a pause, four flashes. If there are Martians to catch the signal, they will realize that reason is behind them. Perhaps they will answer in the same way. If their answer is sent back immediately the whole thing would take less than seven minutes, for light travels 186,000 miles per second.

No less important than the sending of the message is the catching of a possible reply.

The 25,000,000 miles of actual distance to Mars will be reduced to about

50,000 miles of visual distance by the high-powered telescopes through which scientists will be watching. Camille Flammarion, the great French astronomer, will be stationed in the bottom of a mine shaft in Chili, South America. The telescope through which he will scan the heavens will utilize one of the nine tunnels for a tube.

Opportunity For Students

Notice of Scholarship to be Given by Cambridge

A research scholarship of the annual value of £150, tenable for two years, will be awarded in August, 1921, to be used at Emmanuel College, Cambridge, according to notification received at the office of the high commissioner for Canada, London, England, from the governing body of Emmanuel College.

The studentship is open to members of all English-speaking universities apart from Cambridge, and has already been held by Canadians upon several occasions. Full particulars as to application requirements have been forwarded to all Canadian universities.

Letters from London to Paris which are posted before 7 o'clock in the evening are now delivered in Paris by the first delivery in the morning.

CORNS

Lift Off—No Pain!



Doesn't hurt one bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers.

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, and the foot callouses, without soreness or irritation.

Earl Becomes a Sailor

The Earl of Suffolk and Berkshire, whose mother was an American, Daisy Leiter, has become a sailor, shipping before the mast to get experience for a career in the merchant marine.

FEET SORE?

Rub every night with Minard's. It relieves inflammation, soothes and heals.



The Liver Is the Road to Health

If the liver is right the whole system is better off. Carter's Little Liver Pills awaken your sluggish, clogged up liver and relieve constipation, stomach trouble, indigestion, loss of appetite, sick headache and dizziness. Purely vegetable. You need them. Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price.



W. N. U. 1517

GET YOUR TICKET NOW

1st Prize

\$55,555

(£12,000)

2nd Prize

\$13,888

(£3,000)

3rd Prize

\$4,555

(£1,000)

and 2,000 other cash prizes from prize fund of \$138,888 (£30,000) donated by Bovril Limited

Send your donations with coupon properly filled out to any one of the following:

Veterans' Association of Great Britain, 2725 Park Ave., Montreal.
Great War Veterans' Association, Citizen Building, Ottawa.
Army and Navy Veterans in Canada, 121 Bishop Street, Montreal.
Imperial Veterans in Canada, 700 Main Street, Winnipeg.
Tuberculous Veterans' Association, Room 47, Citizen Building, Ottawa.
CLOSING MARCH 31st, 1924

FOR THE

Veterans' Associations' Bovril Poster Competition which closes 31st MARCH, 1924, and while helping

the Veterans you may

WIN A FORTUNE.

Competitors arrangements of the Posters must reach London, England (address given on ticket folder, postage 4c.) on or before 30th April, 1924.

I enclose a donation of £..... Ticket-Folders for Bovril Poster Competition. One Ticket-Folder will be sent for every \$1.20 given. Name in full (Mr., Mrs. or Miss)..... Address.....

Make Cheques and Money Orders to Veterans' Association, Bovril Poster Competition.

Irma Cash Meat Market

Bacon Special

Fresh smoked every week
27C PER LB. BY THE PIECE.

Bulk Lard, 20c per lb.

HOGS BOUGHT ANY DAY

L. C. HATCH, Prop.
Irma, Alberta.

Latest Model FORD Cars

Our Latest Shipment of FORD CARS has arrived. Let us demonstrate their unrivaled qualities.

We also have several Second-hand Cars on hand of good Value for Cash or Terms.

IRMA MOTORS
SALES AND SERVICE GARAGE
E. L. ELFORD, Prop.
FORD AND FORDSON DEALER
Irma, Alberta

When in Calgary Stop at—

The HOTEL ALEXANDRA

"THE HOUSE OF COMFORT"

Free Bus. Free Telephone Fire Proof
Rates — \$1 \$1.50 and \$2. With bath \$2 & \$2.50
226 — 9th Ave. East.

Alberta's Premier Jewelers

MAKE US YOUR JEWELRY HEADQUARTERS
WATCHES. SILVERWARE. DIAMONDS.
CUT GLASS. FANCY JEWELRY. CLOCKS, Etc.
SEND US YOUR WATCH & JEWELRY REPAIRS
EXPERT WORKMANSHIP. QUICK SERVICE.

H. B. Kline & Sons Ltd

10069 Jasper Ave. Next to Allan Theatre

"MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO."



How about that House, Barn or other buildings you have been planning to build. Why not come in and let us show you how little the lumber will cost you.

We have a large stock of the best grades of fir and spruce to choose from. We have a large shed that keeps all our finish siding and flooring dry and in first class shape until you are ready to use it. If you should need something that you do not ordinarily find we shall be glad to show you how quickly we can get it for you. The Farmers Mutual will give you real service.

Farmers Mutual Lbr Co

P. J. HARDY
Manager

IRMA,
Alberta

IRMA TIMES

The Alberta Oil Gazette
Irma, Alberta, Canada

An independent newspaper published every Friday at Irma, Alberta, Canada, by The Times publishers.

H. G. THUNELL, Publisher

H. W. LOVE, Editor

The Home Vegetable Garden

With the gardening fever already in the air, some suggestions on planning the home vegetable garden may be a serviceable prescription at this time—to be taken by all persons who have so far neglected to plan in advance. Unlike those of the medical man, prescriptions for gardening heighten the fever. But there are no precautions. Once one has this annual mental malady, it must be allowed to "run its course." Planning and planting and all the other factors in gardening activities must be indulged in until the satisfaction of the harvest.

Probably more good judgment can be displayed in arranging the crops than at any other point in garden planning and management. For the sake of appearance alone, there should be system in grouping and planting. A well-planned garden, made with foresight and attended with care, is a thing of beauty and a joy to the gardener, her family and her friends. It affords to its owner not only products and perhaps profit, but also a large measure of pleasure and pride.

The home garden should be arranged to give a continuous supply of vegetables throughout the growing season, with a surplus, if there is room for canning and storing, and at the same time to simplify the planting and minimize the labor of tillage and harvesting. It is waste of time and labor to plant each crop in a separate bed built up with a hoe, as is done in so many gardens of the olden-time, and even today by some persons. Separate beds not only make more work, but increase the damage from drought. Furthermore, gardens of that kind are likely to present a good appearance for a little while in the spring, but finally they are overrun with weeds.

A farm garden should be laid out in long rows, sufficiently far apart to permit the use of a horse and cultivator. If the shape of the garden is oblong, so much the better for rapidity in cultivating—not so many turnings with the horse. If practicable, run the rows north and south, so that they will receive sunlight on both sides.

A city or town garden also gives greater satisfaction when laid out in rows across the plot or yard. The rows, of course, need not be so far apart as in a farm garden. Twelve or eighteen inches, according to crop to be planted, usually is sufficient distance.

Various Planting Schemes

It is a good scheme to plan an arrangement of the crops that will coincide somewhat with the time for planting each kind, so that the work may begin at one side of the plot and proceed across the area as the season advances. This makes it possible also to fit a piece of land for planting, or to stir the unplanted portion at any time desired, and thus keep it free from weeds and in a moist friable condition.

Crops more or less similar in nature of growth and in requirements of culture should be grouped, or planted in adjacent rows. Attention to the factor adds to the appearance of the garden, makes easier the handling and the harvesting, and facilitates the practice of crop rotation, which is just as important in a garden as in a farm field.

This matter of crop rotation is the last thing thought of by most home gardeners—if they consider it at all. Fortunately, it is effective in a measure by the common practice of planting in a haphazard manner. All gardens would be improved in productivity by rotation practiced in a systematic way. Rotation means the changing, or succession, of crops growing upon the land from year to year. Some plants, like peas, improve the land, most others exhaust it. Some crops feed largely near the surface, while others feed from a lower level. Root crops should not follow root crops, for instance, nor vines follow vines. Rotation assists also in avoiding injuries from insects and fungus diseases.

Vegetables To Plant Together

In the following list, vegetable crops are grouped mostly according to growth and culture. Some attention is given to botanical relationship and to season of planting, but not in all cases. The differences, as well as some general comments, are given in the following notes:

Perennial Crops.—Plant at one side of the garden out of the way of work with the annual crops. Some gardens may afford nooks or corners that will furnish the permanency that

is so desirable.

Small Crops.—As these are mostly short season crops, they may be planted together. Allow for successive plantings of spinach, radish and lettuce, by sowing only a few feet of row at the beginning of operations and repeating along the row at intervals of ten days or two weeks. Endive may follow the early lettuce on the same ground; it is better adapted to the hot weather of summer and is an excellent salad plant. Parsley is a longer season crop than the others, and might therefore be given a special location.

Root Crops.—In this group, "turnip" includes both the garden, or white, turnip, and the Swede turnip, known by some persons as rutabaga. As Swede turnips usually are not sown until July, they may be placed in rows that had been occupied by some early crop harvested by that time. Salsify, or vegetable oyster, deserves a place in any garden. Kohl-rabi is included in this group for convenience in culture. It is not exactly a root crop, being a cross in habit of growth between the turnip and the cabbage. In leaf, it looks like a turnip. Kohl-rabi is a delicious vegetable if used while young and tender—not over two and one-half inches in diameter.

Cabbage Crops.—Brussels sprouts is one of the finest of vegetables. Kale might be better known, although an old-timer in some gardens. Both are worth having for variety. They are included in this group because they belong to the same botanical family as the cabbage, and require the same kind of culture.

Onion Crops.—Include all kinds of onions, red and white, large and small, one can scarcely have too many for both summer and winter use. A few leeks also will be acceptable. Grow in a trench about a foot deep and blanch with earth as growth proceeds. If garlic is wanted, it also should go in this group.

Legume Crops.—Like clover, peas and beans add nitrogen to the soil, and are particularly useful in rotation. The bush type of each is more largely grown these days than the pole. More room will be needed for the latter. The bean is a "warm" crop and will be a legume crop and should not be planted too early.

Vine Crops.—Seeds of most vine crops can go in the ground before it is safe to plant out peppers and egg plants. Melons are more easily grown than most persons think, and may be tried almost anywhere. If started in a hot-bed or in the house, the seeds should be sown in pots, berry boxes or inverted soda, as melons require careful handling in transplanting. Pumpkins and late squash may be grown in the corn rows, if desired, but usually do better where they get more sun.

Warm Crops.—Beans and corn and the vine crops are also warm season crops, but are placed in other groups for reasons mentioned. Eggplant, pepper and tomato must be started early in the season and transplanted after danger of frosts has passed.

Miscellaneous.—Celery should be grown in every garden that affords the room. Late celery might follow early peas in the same row. Sweet corn and potatoes might be placed side by side because they will stand rougher treatment than the other crops and can use coarser manure, if well-rotted manure is not available for the whole garden.

So far as order of planting is concerned, the potatoes should follow the root crops or onions. For small gardens, only early potatoes should be considered.

Swiss chard requires the same attention as for beets, but cannot be grouped among the root crops, because it is grown for its leaves instead of its root. This vegetable is called also spinach beet and leaf beet. It will grow and be found acceptable anywhere.

Other Gardening Wrinkles

The ideal home garden is one that furnishes a desirable variety of products of high quality in abundance continuously throughout the season. Commercial gardeners, and amateurs who have the time and the enthusiasm attain this ideal by growing companion crops and successive crops.

Companion cropping is the growing of more than one kind of crop in the same space at the same time. It requires considerable hand labor and attention, and is not ordinarily adapted

to the home garden.

Successful cropping keeps the ground occupied by some crop all or nearly all the time. When an early crop is removed, it is followed by some other vegetable that can be planted at that time. Sometimes the succeeding crop is planted between the rows of the crop already in the garden. Succession cropping is not complicated. It is entirely practicable in the home garden.

The suggestions in this article deal chiefly, however, with a straight-away garden for the average garden lover of the average home—the kind of gardens and the kind of folks that figure most in the annual spring "fever" epidemic of the great Canadian out-of-doors.

More or Less Funny

A Sedzwick woman whose husband was in Edmonton for a week or two on "business" says the post office department is getting extremely careless. "Do you know," she remarked to a friend, "I got a letter from today. He says he is very busy looking after business in Edmonton. But the post office department were so careless they marked the letter Calgary."

There Was Hope

Lady: "Tobe, I'm sorry to hear your wife got a divorce."

Tobe: "Yessum, she done gone back to Alabama."

Lady: "Who will be my washing now?"

Tobe: "Well, numm, I se co'tin' again; and I co'ts rapid."

BOBBED HAIR

A celebrated doctor says that if the present craze for short hair keeps up the pace set within the past few years, women will grow bald, like men. It is the tugging of long hair at the roots that strengthens the muscles of the scalp and encourages luxuriant growth. Enough horse power is represented by the annual tugging of hair at women's heads to haul the entire reparations debt of Germany. Let women keep on cropping their glory and the scalp muscles will give up for lack of exercise and let go altogether. Hair cuts, not tight hats or worry makes men bald.

SAD RESULT OF DRILLING

The newly appointed pastor of a negro church faced a packed audience when he arose to deliver his sermon on the burning question: "Is there a Hell?"

"Brothers," he said, "de Lord made de world round like a ball."

"Amen," agreed the congregation.

"And de Lord made two axes for de world to go round on, and He put one axle at de north pole and one axle at de south pole."

"Amen," cried the congregation.

"And de Lord put a lot of oil and grease in de centre of de world so as to keep de axes well greased and oiled."

"And then a lot of sinners dig wells in Pennsylvania and steal de Lord's oil and grease; and they dig wells in Kentucky, Louisiana, Oklahoma and Texas, and in Alberta, Mexico and Russia, and steal de Lord's oil and grease."

"And some day dey will have all of de Lord's oil and grease, and dem axes is gonner git hot. And den, dat will be hell, brethren, dat will be hell!"

MARKET REPORT

	Wheat
No. 1	78c
No. 2	75c
No. 3	70c
	Oats
2 C. W.	24c
3 C. W.	21c

\$50.00 REWARD

If I Fail To Grow Hair
Oriental Hair Root Hair Grower
World's Greatest Hair Grower.
Grows hair on bald heads. It must not be put where hair is all scalp troubles. \$1.75 per jar.

Agents Wanted.

PROF. M. S. CROSSE
448 Logan Ave., Winnipeg, Man.

TRAIN SCHEDULE, IRMA, ALTA.

TRAIN SERVICE	
Effective January 6th, 1924	
No. 1, Going West	7:44 P.M.
No. 3, Going West	7:28 A.M.
No. 2, Going East	10:38 A.M.
No. 4, Going East	10:14 P.M.
Train No. 1 stops only to let off or pick up passengers from Saskatoon or East, or to Jasper and West.	
Train No. 2 stops only to let off or pick up passengers from Jasper or West or to Saskatoon and East.	
—ROY WHYTE, Agent.	

Pleating Cleaning Dyeing

Our Service is Reliable

TRUEDEAU'S CLEANING & DYE WORKS, REG'D.
10050-103 St. - Edmonton

IRMA POOL ROOM and BARBER SHOP

SOFT DRINKS TOBACCOS CIGARS, Etc.
Agent for Snowflake Laundry.

J. A. HEDLEY
PROPRIETOR.

Rates \$1.00 up Phone 6101

Royal George Hotel

101st Street
(Near Union Depot)
EDMONTON

FIVE STORIES OF SOLID COMFORT

THE HOME OF SERVICE AND COMFORT

First-Class Cafe.

Free Bus to and from all Trains

R. E. NOBLE, Mgr.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY
STAR OF IRMA 1036

Meets 1st Thursday in each month in Larson's Hall.

John Watson, W. P.
Fred W. Watkinson, Reg.

IRMA L. O. L. 2065

Meets the last Thursday in each month in Larson's Hall, Irma.

Visiting Orangemen always welcome.

D. Glasgow, W. M.
Fred W. Watkinson, R. S.
M. K. McLeod, F. S.

Edmonton Rubber Stamp Co., Ltd.

Makers of RUBBER STAMPS & SEALS

10118-102nd St., Edmonton

"BOTEX"

Guaranteed Bot and Worm Remover

Fortunately, a number of years ago, two Italian Veterinary Surgeons succeeded in discovering a chemical, which possesses the quality of an ideal

Bot Cure: It removes the Bots without injuring the horse, and is 100 p.c. effective. This chemical has been used with excellent results on millions of horses in Europe as well as lately on the North American Continent.

Experiments were conducted by noted veterinarians of continental fame, who pronounced this chemical as the only remedy which will remove 100 p.c. of Bots and also Worms from the small intestines.

PRICE PER HORSE 40c

For Sale By
HUGH McLENNAN,
"The Rawleigh Man"

Sedgewick — or — Irma

Publicity

If in any way you are catering to the public, your success depends on publicity.

To gain it you must tell the public.

Advertise

Physicians and Surgeons

Pure Soap

Per 10c Cake

This is as Pure a Soap as it is possible to make. Free from excess alkali or other injurious ingredients

TINY TOT SOAP

Just the thing for Baby

Per 10c Cake

GERMICIDAL SOAP

For Skin Irritations, Itch, or cleaning wounds

Per 25c Cake

DERMAN'S DRUG DEPOT



Swing a Kodak from your shoulder

And then you'll take home the trip. It's all easy the Kodak way and you'll find it fun from the first.

Put your plans for pictures in our hands and we'll put in yours the right Kodak for you to take along—it's here

Autographic Kodaks \$6.75 up

DERMAN'S DRUG DEPOT

Gopher Poison

Use it Now and Save Money, the early gopher gets the poison.

GOPHERCIDE POWDER

GOPHERCIDE LIQUID

KILL EM QUICK
STRYCHNINE

CHICKEN

Louse Powder

Hess's Make 35c

DERMAN'S DRUG DEPOT

CLOTHES ---

EVERY MAN LIKES TO WEAR GOOD CLOTHES WHEN THE DIFFERENCE IN PRICE BETWEEN THE GOOD KIND AND THE UNKNOWN QUANTITY IS SO LITTLE. IT IS NOT WORTH WHILE GETTING ANYTHING BUT THE WELL KNOWN AND GUARANTEED "HOUSE OF HOBBERLIN" CLOTHES.

On Wed. May 7th

Mr. Palmer, the Tailoring

Expert from the "HOUSE OF HOBBERLIN" will be here all day with a full New Line of Spring Samples and Models. See the Up-to-date Styles and Cloths, and buy a new suit for the summer. Priced as low as \$29.75 and every suit Tailor Made to Measure.

J. C. McFarland Co.

Main Street

Miss Polma Berg of Viking spent the week end in Irma.

Mr. I. Skiles and Archie were in Edmonton last Monday.

Mr. H. G. Jamieson was in Irma this week looking over his farm.

Mr. J. Russell shipped one of his pure bred Holstein bulls to F. Wales of Edmonton Thursday morning.

Mrs. Flawelling and Mrs. R. J. Tate have been spending a few days in Edmonton.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Dadds of Viking spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Roy Whyte at Irma.

Mr. Dave Ambler has recovered sufficiently to be around and returned from Edmonton Saturday night.

Miss McGrath teacher at Ross school attended the teachers convention at Calgary last week.

Mrs. E. W. Carter returned to Irma Saturday night to visit her parents and friends in the Irma district.

Miss Inez Fenton left Monday to accept a position as nurse in the Lamont Hospital.

Mrs. Pryce Jones returned to Irma Saturday after visiting with friends at Provost and Hayter, her sister Mrs. Judd of Hayter returned with her.

Miss Murray teacher at Orindale school returned Monday after attending the teachers convention at Calgary last week.

Mr. G. J. A. Drevelow left Wednesday morning for Minneapolis after spending the winter on his farm in the Coal Springs district.

Miss Broadbridge, teacher in the Irma Consolidated High School was a visitor in Calgary and Edmonton last week, taking in the convention at Calgary.

Now is the time to plant Gladioli Bulbs. Will those who have given verbal orders for Bulbs please get them now while Varieties and Collections are complete.—Frank Peterson, Irma Perennial Gardens.

Mrs. S. Lewis of Edmonton returned home Monday morning after spending a week with her sister Miss M. Milburn. We understand Miss Milburn is recovering nicely but will be unable to resume her duties as teacher in the Lewisville school for some time.

Mr. M. W. Misner, piano tuner of Edmonton, expects to be in the Irma district within the next few weeks. If anyone wanting their piano tuned will leave their name with The Times Mr. Misner will call on them when in the district.

Dr. J. C. Phillips, of the Health of Animals Department, Department of Agriculture has been in the Irma district during the past week, inspecting the herds that have passed the T. B. test. We understand that all the cattle examined, have passed inspection and that the tested herds will have a clean sheet for one year.

WANT ADS.

FOR SALE—Keystone Drill No. 3 Tractor, only used on a few wells, capacity 350 to 500 feet.—Apply P. Love, Vauxhall, Alta.

WANTED—a few good brood sows, J. R. Love, Irma.

FOR SALE—Bacon Type Berkshire Registered, from mature sows. January and February litters either sex at \$15.00 at ten weeks old. Also 50 bushels of Salzers Early Potatoes at 50 cents per bushel.—M. T. Knudson, Phone 409, Irma, Alta.

M. Mecklenburg, the eye specialist of Edmonton, will make his next professional visit to Viking on Thursday, May 15th, and to Irma on Friday, May 16th. See him if your eyes are bad.

ALBERTA CATTLE FOR JAPAN

For the purpose of testing out the possibilities of the market for Alberta livestock in Japan, a shipment of 28 steers and cows, and two horses was made this week from Edmonton. The shipment is being made under the personal direction of H. A. Craig, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, who will accompany it to Japan, and while there will investigate the possibilities for a market for various classes of Alberta products. The cattle shipment is made up of 14 head each of steers and cows, weighing from 1200 to 1450 pounds each, and made up of selections of Shorthorns, Herefords and Aberdeen Angus chiefly. Most of the cattle were bought on the Edmonton stock yards, while three head were fed at Olds agricultural school and five at Athabasca demonstration farm. One grade Clydesdale mare and one grade Percheron mare are also in the shipment. The trial shipment is made as a result of arrangements made by Hon. Geo. Hoadley through Edgar Nobles, formerly of Edmonton, now representing several Alberta firms in Japan.

A husband here who was quite positive that the women folks have a snap and that it isn't much of a job to take care of the children and do the housework besides, stayed home one afternoon the other day to look after the children while his wife was attending a party. In order to show her how easy such a job was he kept a record of all the work he had to do and following is the list: Opened the door for the children 108 times; closed it after them 108 times; tied children's shoes 16 times; number of stories told to them 61; smoke rings blown to amuse children 498; arbitrated children's quarrels 11 times; put doll carriage out 28 times; brought doll carriage in 28 times; children crossed street 66 times; peddlers rang door bell 7 times; toy balloons bought for children 4 times; average life of balloon 3 minutes; dried children's tears 14 times; assisted them to blow their noses 14 times; telephone calls answered 8; crackers issued to children 37; slices of bread and butter served 12; drinks of water served 32; refused to buy candy 87 times.

PAPER MAKING

The Transformation of Rags to Writing Paper.

Two thousand years before Christ it was discovered that a substance well adapted to preserve writing could be taken from a papyrus, a slender reed that fringed the Nile. The layers of thin whitish cellulose which covered the stem were peeled off and glued together. The endeavor to get some substance that would take writing more uniformly and preserve it more safely led to the use of parchment. Then about the time of Christ, a Chinaman, Tsai Sun, discovered the art of paper making. The Arabs learnt it in the eighth century, and in the fourteenth paper manufacturing appeared in Europe in northern Italy. Up to the nineteenth century all paper was made by hand. The pulp was lifted on a wire cloth stretched on a frame was shaken to expel the water, and the pulp was transferred to a piece of felt to be dried and pressed.

The first stage of the modern process of paper making is to reduce the rags to a mass of pure cellulose fibres. They first visit the "thresher," a fanning mill for the removal of all dust and dirt, and are then sorted by hand, buttons, hooks, and eyes being cut off. The rags are now cut by a chopping machine into small pieces and given a second dusting. The cleaning process begins in earnest when they are loaded into great iron "digesters" and "cooked" for from eight to fourteen hours in an alkaline liquor. After boiling, the rags are put through the "washers," huge tubes through which pure water flows continuously, and in which the rags are forced round and round until thoroughly washed. At the same time a revolving roller teathed with knife blades tears them to shreds.

The dirty off-scourings of ragdom have now become clean and sweet and are ready to be made into paper. The pulp goes to the "beaters" where it is beaten with revolving iron bars until it acquires desired fineness. Clay is sometimes introduced here to increase the weight of the paper or improve its surface. Here, too, coloring matter is added. It is even necessary to add ultramarine blue to get a clear white paper.

Our rag stock now passes to the "stuff chests," where revolving paddles keep it mixed till the paper machine is ready to receive it. On the way to this machine it flows over "sand tables," troughs provided with grooves to catch sand or dirt. Sometimes electromagnets are provided to pick out bits of metal which might damage the calendar rolls.

It takes the paper machine from two to four minutes to turn into paper the liquid stock, the preparation of which has taken two to four weeks. As the stock flows on to the machine it is over 90 per cent water. It is carried forward on an endless belt of fine wire cloth, which is shaken from side to side to interlock the fibres, while water drips through the meshes of the wire. From this fourdrinier wire the sheet of paper passes between felt rolls which squeeze out a large proportion of the remaining water. The drying is completed as the sheet passes over a series of large heated cylinders.

Frank Ingram

HARDISTY
Merchant Tailor

—Intends visiting Irma every two or three weeks to take orders for HAND MADE CLOTHES

Mr. Ingram has been trained in London, England and can Guarantee Fit and Style. SUITS CLEANED AND PRESSED

Any Orders left at DERMAN'S DRUG DEPOT Will receive Prompt Personal Attention

lindrical rollers called the driers. As bond papers leave the dry end of the machine they are passed thru a bath of hot animal size solution, which improves strength and writing qualities. After being cut and hung on racks to dry in steam heated lofts for several days, the paper is passed through calendars, a series of rolls, some of pressed steel, others of compressed cotton. These give it a sort of ironing. A linen finish is produced by placing a sheet of linen under each sheet and putting under pressure. Coasting for book papers is made from clay, the best quality of which comes from Cornwall, England. This is ground and mixed with glue. The paper passes through the vat containing this mixture, and leaves it wet and sticky. After fluttering through space for 100 feet supported on successive blasts of hot air, it is caught up in great loops on a travelling drier, which carries it through a long room heated to about 140 degrees Fahrenheit. It is finally run through the calendars several times and cut to desired sizes.

HONEY IN SOUTH ALBERTA

According to a statement of W. H. Fairfield, of the experimental farm at Lethbridge, about four tons of honey were produced in the Lethbridge district last year. Hives on the experimental farm averaged 200 lbs. a week.

COBALT SILVER

MINES PROMISING Only three camps in the world have beaten Cobalt for silver. "They're 400 years old, we're only 20. Give us a chance." So say the people of the big Canadian silver field in an invitation they are sending out to old time miners to come back for the 20th Anniversary being held June 29th to July 1st, when mining competitions, including a hand drilling contest, open to all Canadian miners, will be held. They back up their statement with figures which show that Cobalt has produced over 10,000 tons of pure silver—enough to put silver spoons in the mouths of 2,400,000,000 lucky babies.

Good Floors and Woodwork

—The Sheen of Luxury
—Satin Smoothness
—Clean Looking
and Clean Keeping
These are the qualities you can gain for your home by refinishing it in the modern way. Easily and economically accomplished by applying

Stephens' WA-KO-VER STAINS

(Varnish and Color Combined)
Natural and Appropriate Colors

A name that means just what it says. Imparts a bright, lasting surface that holds its own in the face of the sun, for floors, woodwork, furniture.
Stephens' Paint Products for every purpose from

GEO. L. MORROW
Irma
HOLLOWAY BROS.
Jarrow



BLUE RIBBON TEA

Don't waste your time and money in trying to find something "just as good" as BLUE RIBBON TEA

A Daughter Of The Ranch

A Story of Romance and Adventure of Western Pioneer Days
BY ALEXANDER D. McLEOD
(Published by Special Arrangement with the Author)

(Continued)
CHAPTER II.

Mary Fraser, as she called away over the rolling hills gathered away with her a vivid impression of the personality of the young man she had so unexpectedly met on the trail. The faded, worn and slouchy scout's uniform he wore, and white details of his accoutrements were taken in at a glance. His fair, open and handsome countenance and his self-reliant bearing appeared to her fancy. Though she had abruptly dismissed him, refusing his offered assistance, she still felt assured that she would meet him on her return home and would then make amends for her seeming rudeness. She was aware that it was not customary for strangers to pass their home, after a long day's journey, without being offered the hospitality of a night's lodging. These transient travellers on many occasions, were welcomed at her home. They provided pleasing diversion from the general routine and monotony of the lonely lives those early pioneers have had to pass in a district remote from the more congenial advantages of more settled communities. Instead of those visits proving an inconvenience they were often a pleasure to them. As youth appeals to youth, she anticipated with pleasure the prospect of a again meeting him on her return home. Her disposition craved the society of people of her own age, an advantage that she did not, only to a limited extent, enjoy in her lonely surroundings.

While she loved the freedom of the life she led among the hills, the valleys and the lakes, and the surrounding landscapes appeared to her as the taster, yet there was the yearning for companionship and the society of people of her own age and kind. In her day dreams she pictured to herself the pleasures of the life she missed—a life of more congenial human surroundings. A longing for that life—a life that seemed to be beyond her reach—at times became an obsession with her.

The prospects accordingly of a pleasant social evening with a young stranger from the "outside" added buoyancy to her spirits. As she and her horse to greater speed as she proceeded in her quest for the horses. It was this feeling of elation that was partly responsible for her failure to examine more closely her surroundings as she called to her attention the direction of two horses that she noticed grazing close to the edge of a bluff some distance away. That they were the horses she was in search of, she headed in that direction with an air of abstraction that made her practically oblivious of any danger that might be lurking in the vicinity.

As she rounded the edge of the bluff she was startled from her reverie by a hoarse command of, "Stop! Put up your hands." The suddenness of this order roused her at once to alertness. Her quick wit at a glance took in the situation, and convinced her of the futility of an attempt to escape or to offer resistance. All at once she seemed to be surrounded by a band of five men. Their forbidding aspects and pointing guns struck terror to her heart admitted of no temporizing action. She was approached by a dark complexioned, heavy built man,

who seized her bridle rein and relieved her of her revolver. After a cursory examination of her horse and a close scrutiny of her face, he said, "Jump down young fellow, this is my horse you are riding."

Heeded to desperation by the hold-up and resenting the insolence of his looks and order, she answered, "No, this is not your horse." You have no right to stop me in this way, nor interfere with me in any manner. The Mounted Police shall be notified of this insolent hold-up of me."

"The Mounted Police be d—d. We have a line on them gents, and they won't help you this time. Jump down or I'll pull you off."

Realizing that protest or resistance would be useless, and following the promptings of her feminine intuition, she passively yielded to inevitable necessity and dismounted as requested by him. After again looking into her face, he snatched off her hat. Then with an insolent leering grin on his face, he said, "I thought so." Quickly replacing it on her head, he said, "Good enough for all to hear: 'Young fellow, so that you will not put the d—d Red Coats on our track, you will come along with us to-night.'"

After his close scrutiny of her face she was conscious of the fact that he was aware of her sex. It was also clear to her that he desired to conceal his discovery from the rest of his companions. This added to her fear of the man, but still she decided, in the meantime, to submit to his orders. Her feminine intuition warned her that direct silence would be her safest plan for the present. She had not intended to expect nor hope for from the other members of the gang, who seemed to be acting under the leadership of the man, but still she decided, in the meantime, to submit to his orders. Her feminine intuition warned her that direct silence would be her safest plan for the present. She had not intended to expect nor hope for from the other members of the gang, who seemed to be acting under the leadership of the man, but still she decided, in the meantime, to submit to his orders.

Taking a larrikin from one of the saddles close at hand, he led her into the brush. First he attempted to escape her search for any weapon she might have in her possession. He then fastened the loop end of the larrikin round her waist and bound her securely to a birch tree. He, however, left both her hands and feet free with sufficient slack for her hands to enable her to stand up or sit down as she desired. He warned her, however, not to attempt to break her escape, or he would shoot her in her tracks, a threat she was fully convinced he would carry out. He then, holding the other end of the larrikin, joined his companions, who were by now lounging on the ground a few feet away.

Securely fastened as she was stood for some time leaning against the trunk of a tree, and watching the twilight deepened she endeavored to evolve in her mind a plan of escape, but the more she thought of her situation the more hopeless her chances seemed to be. The only avenue of escape that presented itself to her was if she attempted to escape, but she would organize a search party for her rescue, but as this would take some time to accomplish, it offered her no small consolation. By the time assistance could be called by her father these bandits would have taken her many miles away from the scene of the hold-up. She also feared the dangers that would attend an attempt at rescue. She realized that she was in the hands of desperadoes—men who would not hesitate to commit murder to escape capture. In her desperation she faced the tree to which she was tied, and leaning against it, offered up a fervent silent prayer to God for help and inspiration in her dangerous plight. As she thus prayed, her hand came in contact with a rough, scaly object. Then turning around she sat down with her back against the tree for support.

A few feet away the men were engaged in conversation carried on in low voices. Listening intently to their conversation, she overheard

them discussing their plans of escape to the south.

She learned that it was their intention to start on their trip as soon as it was dark. She further overheard that their object for the first stages of their journey was a secret camping ground in the valley of the Souris. There they intended to remain hiding during the next day and the night, before daylight the next morning. At that hour they would make a dash across the United States boundary when in the darkness of early morning, they were confident of escaping the vigilance of the Mounted Police who, during the troublesome times of that year, kept a strict patrol along the boundary.

Inspired by the information overheard and deciding to make use of the shadow of the increasing darkness, she pulled out of her pocket the roll of birch bark. Then, with the stub of a pencil that she had in her pocket, she scribbled on its smooth surface a note, giving the gist of the plans of the outlaws. Replacing it into the pocket she decided to await an opportunity to drop it where it would be easily noticed by a rescue party.

Sitting there in the darkness deepened, her thoughts wandered back to her home. She thought that at that hour her mother, always solicitous of her safety, would know soon her going for her return. Slowly the tears crept down her cheeks as, more and more, she realized the anguish of her mother's heart at the unknown fate of her only child. These were not tears of self-pity nor of fear, but of sorrow for the mother who would never see her again.

With all her faculties alert to all that passed around her, she bravely faced the situation in which she found herself placed. Helpless as she was, she was still full of hope that an opening for escape would present itself to her. Thus she waited with the twilight deepened into the darkness of night, and awaited the next move of her captors. She knew that she was making a move for a start to the south.

When darkness had descended preparations were commenced for the start. She could not discern their actions in the darkness but, when the moon came out, she saw that the band approached her and loosened her bonds. He then ordered her to mount her horse. The fact that she was then to have her own horse to ride gave her new hope, for, having confidence in his speed and training, she decided that if the slightest chance presented itself she would make a dash for liberty. All such hopes were, however, soon crushed by the deliberate actions of her captors. No sooner was she in the saddle than he proceeded to fasten to the handle of the girth with his hands the larrikin. He then put a centre hitch on it and tied it around the horse's neck, and, passing the loop end of it through the stirrups, he fastened it to the horn of his own saddle. He then mounted his horse and followed in the rear of the band, leading her horse beside his own.

Silently the band emerged from their hiding place, and struck over the hills in the direction of the plains to the south. A sound break of the stillness of the night, other than the muffled tramp of the horses on the prairie turf, as they gathered speed and settled down to the characteristic lope of the western broncho. They did not proceed far, however, when the host another sound that thrilled her with new hope. Some distance in the rear the stillness of the night was broken by the voice of her father calling her name. No sooner had the re-echoing voice of her father died in the distance than she was, cheered by an answering hail. But, before she had time to collect herself, her captor was close beside her. Seizing her around the waist with his right arm, he clapped his left hand over her mouth, and, in a hoarse voice, warned her to silence. He then, releasing his hold, he pulled his revolver and held it pressed against her side, while they covered the distance to the face hills.

(To be continued.)

Western Institutions Benefit

The King and Queen Make Gift to Children's Hospitals in Western Canada

The sum of \$200, received as the proceeds of the sale of gramophone records of messages to the children of the Empire by the King and Queen on May 24 last, is to be distributed among a number of Canadian institutions in compliance with a wish expressed by the King and Queen. The following Western Canadian stations are beneficiaries: British Columbia, Fund for Crippled Children, administered by the Women's Institutes; Alberta, Junior Red Cross Hospital, Calgary; Saskatchewan, Children's Ward of the Tubercular Sanatorium, Fort Qu'Appelle.

Select Bacon Hogs

Ontario showed a good increase in select bacon hogs in January compared with the corresponding month of last year, the number being 29,207 against 13,815. Alberta showed a slight increase, the number being 1,669 against 1,385. Quebec showed a decrease, being 4,185 against 7,122, and Manitoba's figures this January were 2,793 compared with 3,708 in the corresponding month of last year.

Between the ticks of a watch a ray of light could move eight times around the globe.

W. N. U. 1617

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

"LITTLE FOXES"

By E. A. Henry, D.D.

Interesting Stories For Young Folks

Published by Permission
Thomas Allen, Publisher

"ONE BY ONE"

The first thing we all do is to learn to count one by one.

At school when I began as a very little boy, they had an object called an "abacus." I hardly know where they got the name, but it was made of wires with beads strung on them, and it is found away back in the time of Greece and Rome.

These beads could be moved along the wires and so we learned to count, moving one bead after the other, one by one. I suppose girls and boys are not taught that way now, but we still say to learn to count one by one. You can't multiply or divide or do any other of those lessons you all so dearly love in arithmetic until you can count.

All girls and boys love to count and add—pennies and pennies, birthdays and holidays; and nearly every little child loves to look at a calendar and number of the days. You just watch a boy with a bag of marbles or a purse of pennies, and see how often he counts them.

Counting is a home is a love one by one. Your parents count their children that way. They never mix people up. I read in some book lately the story of a man in New York State taking the census; that is, making a list of the people who live in the country. "How many children have you?" he asked. "Well, let me see," she answered, "there's Joan and Bessie and Billy and Jean and—"

"Oh," he said impatiently, "just give me the number." "Number?" the woman asked. "All right," he said, "but don't go on numbering yet. Do you think we have run out of names?"

The name given to people nowadays are only tags, to keep them apart so we can distinguish them. They do not mean anything as much as the old Bible names were supposed to do. Today, because a girl is called "Dora," which means a gift, she may not always act as though she were a precious gift to her parents. She may get like a boss instead. But the idea of a name at first was to let that child stand by itself alone.

They are not like policemen or even car conductors, marked by a number, but are known by a name.

It is each by each and one by one. So all the work of the world is done.

"One thing at a time, and that done well."

Is a very good rule, as many can tell. If you let the one thing at your hand go, you will not get very far ahead.

One step and then another. And the longest walk is ended; One stitch and then another. And the longest rent is mended; But just understand, first you count. And the highest wall is made; One flake upon another. And the deepest snow is laid.

Then do not look disappointed At the work you have to do. You never can get through; But just understand, first you count. Another point to gain, And soon the mountain which you feared

Will prove to be a plain."

(To be continued.)

Waterpower Development

The installed horsepower of hydraulic turbines in Canada has increased from 1,448,000 in 1912 to 2,370,000 in 1922, or by 105 per cent. in 10 years. The effect on coal consumption is strikingly illustrated by the official coal statistics, which show that in spite of increase of population and far more than proportionate increase in manufacturing industry, the total coal consumption in 1922 was less than in 1913—the actual figures are: For 1913, 31.6 million tons; for 1922, 31.3 million tons.

At a local concert a young lady began a song, "The autumn days have come. Ten thousand leaves are falling."

But she began too high. "Ten thousand," she screamed, and stopped.

"Start her at five thousand," cried an auctioneer present.

WESTERN PIONEER TELLS INTERESTING EXPERIENCE

Frank Rikert, Who Left Illinois For California In Covered Wagon In 1864, Wouldn't Take \$100 For Bottle Of Tanlac.

Frank Rikert, well-known resident of North Sacramento, Cal., who came to the state from Illinois in a covered wagon in 1864, along with other hardy pioneers, recently exhibited a bottle of Tanlac, which he had just purchased, to a friend at his home and remarked: "If I thought this was the last bottle of Tanlac I would ever be able to buy, I wouldn't take one hundred dollars for it," thus proving the high valuation he places on the famous treatment.

"I believe Tanlac really saved my life when I took it after the flu about a year ago," continued Mr. Rikert, "for the attack hit me 20 pounds off in weight, and unable to turn over in my bed without assistance. I tried you, I thought my time had surely come."

"But, thanks to my wife's insistence, I kept on taking Tanlac till I was able to do all my work again, had back all my lost weight, and I've been feeling years younger ever since. I'm always telling my friends about Tanlac, and can't say too much for it." Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 40 million bottles sold.

Take Tanlac Vegetable Pills.

Preparing A Hotbed

Directions for Making the Frame and Preparing the Seed Bed

Hotbeds are a necessity with experienced gardeners and those with gardens of such extent that the small box in the window of the dwelling is impracticable. The first move in constructing a hotbed is to obtain a supply of manure to have ready to furnish the heat. The easiest way to heat a hotbed is with fresh horse manure properly treated. From 21 to 26 inches of manure is necessary, depending upon the earliness in starting the bed and the temperature of the section in which it is located. Pile the manure in a flat-topped pile four to six feet high. The manure should be strawy.

If the weather is cold and fermentation is slow, a little warm water, sufficient to moisten without soaking, will hasten the process of heating. It will be apparent from the steam arising from the pile. It will heat unevenly at first and must be turned from time to time to distribute the heating portions and get a uniform fermentation, which will be indicated by uniform steaming. At this stage it is ready to put in the bed, laying first a stratum of straw or dry leaves to soften the contact of the heating manure and the cold earth.

The frame itself should be of the standard dimensions of 6 feet by 3 feet or in multiples of three in length, as the standard sash is made in this size. Such a frame usually is used, although if the hotbed is to be permanent, two-inch lumber is sometimes used. Half-inch is easiest to handle, but likely to warp. The back is usually twelve inches high and the front six inches. The frame should always face south.

The frame is best made to knock down unless it is desired to use the year round, putting it together with screws and bolts. Angle iron for the corners can be obtained cheaply and drilled for bolts as desired. If these are not available, two by fours may be used to secure the sides in place. The placing of the crosspiece to hold the sash, if it is more than a single-frame bed, is the most troublesome job. The edges should be channeled to carry off water seeping in around the edges instead of permitting it to drip into the bed and make it too wet.

Double glass sash is advisable for the hotbed as it obviates the necessity of covering the frame with mats or carpets during zero snaps. The layer of non-conducting air between the sashes serves the purpose excellently. These sashes are heavy, however, and must be lifted with care. They are hinged in the middle so that half can be raised at a time.

The manure is placed in the bed and tramped down firmly. Sift the soil, if possible, placing the coarse material upon the manure in a thin layer. Over this spread the sifted soil to a depth of four or five inches. Place the sashes upon the frame and place a thermometer in the bed. It should be thrust through the earth down to the manure. It will heat very vigorously for a few days and then begin to subside. As it passes below 50, seed such as tomatoes, peppers and other tropical plants may be put in, and the rest after it passes below 50.

No two snowflakes are alike.

In a bedroom built of glass at one of the London hospitals patients have been kept hermetically sealed up for five days in an atmosphere containing double the usual quantity of oxygen.

MURINE You Cannot Buy New Eyes But you can Preserve a Clean, Healthy Condition of Your Eyes. Use Murine Eye Remedy Night and Morning. Keep your Eyes Clean, Clear and Healthy. Write for Free Eye Care Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., 9 East 41st Street, Chicago.

INVENTIONS Send for list of inventions wanted by Manufacturers. Write for Free Eye Care Book. "Patent Protection" booklet on request. HAROLD C. SHIPMAN & CO. PATENT ATTORNEYS OTTAWA, CANADA

JIG-SAW PUZZLE FOR THE CHILDREN. Send four wrappers from OXO CUBES To One Limited, 232 Lonsdale St., Montreal.

Borden's ST. CHARLES EVAPORATED MILK for all kinds of cooking. With the Cream left in! Free Recipe Book. Write the Borden Co., Limited, Montreal.

WRIGLEYS Chew it after every meal. It stimulates appetite and aids digestion. It makes your food do you more good. Note how it relieves that stuffy feeling after hearty eating. White as teeth, sweet as breath and it's the goodly that lasts. **SEALED in its Purity Package** **WRIGLEYS DOUBLEMENT CHAWING GUM** R25

A Health Secret

It is frequently claimed by physicians that nine-tenths of all human ills may be traced to neglect to keep the bowels regular and the liver and kidneys active.

The result is an accumulation of poisons in the system which cause pains and aches and give rise to such dreaded diseases as appendicitis, Bright's disease, diabetes, high blood pressure, etc.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are the ideal regulators of these vital organs because they act directly on the liver, kidneys and bowels, and ensure a thorough cleansing of the system.

You will notice that while the price of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills has been increased to 85 cents, the box now contains 85 pills instead of 25 as formerly.

Likewise, Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is 60 cents a box of 60 pills, instead of 10 cents a box of 50 pills. Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

NEW BOX

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

35 Pills

DR. A. W. CHASE'S

KIDNEY & LIVER PILLS

FOR BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER.

SPHON'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Horses and Mules
can be kept on their feet and working if owners give "SPHON'S" for Distemper, Influenza, Shipping Fever, Cough and Cold. Cheapest and surest means of escaping these diseases. Occasional doses work wonders. Give "SPHON'S" for Dog Distemper. Used for thirty years. Two sizes at all drug stores.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Belgian coal output for January was 2,000,000 tons, the greatest since the armistice.

The Ontario Legislature gave final reading to the bill enabling the government to take a vote on the liquor question.

King George will not race his big yacht, Britannia, this year, in consequence of lack of competitors in her class.

The British Government does not feel it can intervene officially with the Russian Soviet Government to obtain release of Catholic Church dignitaries imprisoned in Russia.

The first list of Japanese army officers dismissed as a part of the army limitation policy adopted by the government in 1922 has been published. It includes 12 lieutenant-colonels, 10 major-generals and 150 colonels.

The work of the Department of Soldiers' Re-establishment has materially diminished during the calendar year 1922, according to the report of the department tabled in the House by Hon. H. S. Bland.

"Page boys in London hotels are learning to speak French. The managers say it will be helpful both to boys and guests when the crowds begin arriving in April for the great British Empire Exhibition at Wembley.

The ground floor of a magnificent wing of one of the most imposing imperial palaces of Vienna soon is to be opened to the public as a fashionable restaurant, cake shop and wine room. In the last named will be dispensed the choicest vintages of the former imperial cellars.

Growth of Grain Trade

The Canadian Pacific Railway, which in 1920 brought down to the head of the lakes only 26,000,000 bushels of grain, actually brought down 186,000,000 bushels last season. This is equal to the total volume of grain moved by all the railways of the United States combined during the same time to the terminals at Minneapolis, Chicago and Duluth.

To Entertain British Squadron

Vancouver Invites Representatives From 1,400 Cities and Towns in Prairie Provinces

At a meeting in Vancouver, presided over by Mayor Owen and at which Victoria also was represented, reception committees arranged to entertain the British navy's special squadron here next June, and decided to send invitations to 1,400 cities and towns in the four western provinces, asking them to have official representatives here to welcome the fleet.

It was reported that Victoria had consented to Vancouver's request that the visitors remain in this port over Dominion Day and July 4, with the result that a message has been dispatched to Vice-Admiral Sir Frederick Bickard asking his confirmation of the arrangement.

The Vancouver and Victoria committees will send a joint request to Ottawa for an official representative of the Dominion Government to be on hand. Financial assistance is also to be asked, a grant of \$50,000 being mentioned.

Radio Market Service

Prices and Comments on Markets Will Be Broadcasted

Canadian farmers will watch the market hereafter from their own fireable with the inauguration by the Dominion Livestock Branch of the Department of Agriculture of an official radio market service. It will be broadcasted every Wednesday evening at 7:30 through the Canadian National Railway stations at Ottawa, Montreal and Winnipeg. Prices and comments on the livestock and egg markets at Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg will be brought up to date each Wednesday and sent out for the benefit of the farmer and dealer.

TEETHING TROUBLES

Baby's teething time is a time of worry and anxiety to most mothers. The little ones become cross, peevish; their little stomachs become deranged; constipation and colic set in. To make the teething period easy on baby the stomach and bowels must be kept sweet and regular. This can be done by the use of Baby's Own Tablets—the ideal laxative for little ones. The Tablets are a sure relief for all the minor ailments of childhood such as constipation, colic, indigestion, colds and simple fever. They always do good—never harm. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Alberta Seed Oats For Finland
The Alberta Government has cabled the government of Finland in respect of the latter's inquiry for 50,000 bushels of first grade oats. The Finnish Government has expressed a preference for Canadian seed oats and Alberta is going after the order.

Prairie Orchard Owner Honored

Work of Late A. P. Stevenson of Morden Recognized by Canadian Horticultural Council

The achievement of the late A. P. Stevenson of Morden, Man., in establishing the first productive apple orchard of any magnitude in the prairie provinces, has been recognized by the Canadian Horticultural Council, which has awarded the Carter Medal to the Stevenson family as a recognition of his work to horticulture.

This medal is awarded each year to the person whose work has brought about the greatest advance in horticulture during the year. This is the second, the first going to W. T. Macdonald, Dominion horticulturist.

Not only apples, cooking and dessert, but plums, currants, gooseberries, raspberries and strawberries became an annual crop on Mr. Stevenson's farm.

Women Can Dye Any Garment, Drapery

Dye or Tint Worn, Faded Things New for 15 Cents

Diamond Dyes

Don't wonder whether you can dye or tint successfully, because perfect home dyeing is guaranteed with "Diamond Dyes" even if you have never dyed before. Druggists have all colors. Directions in each package.

Mutton and Macaroni

Preparing An Appetizing Dish From Cold Mutton Scraps

When the cold mutton has lasted so long that the housewife dreads putting it again before her family, let her try it under this guise. Cut the cold meat into cubes. To two cups of meat have one cup of cooked macaroni, two cups of tomato sauce, one cup of cracker crumbs, two tablespoonfuls of butter, salt and pepper. In a well buttered enameled ware dish put a layer of macaroni, bread crumbs and tomato sauce, then a layer of mutton with bits of butter, pepper and salt. Alternate until the pan is filled. Sprinkle bread crumbs on top with enough egg butter to brown them. Serve in the dish in which it is cooked. This is one of the many advantages of enameled ware bake dishes—they are always presentable at table as well as useful in the kitchen.

Shepherd Taken North On Sleigh

Five-Ton Vessel Arrives at Reindeer Lake in Saskatchewan

After an overland haul on sleighs of over 500 miles, the H.B.C. schooner, *Lac du Brochet*, arrived safely at the southern end of Reindeer Lake in Northern Saskatchewan. This vessel was built here by the Alberta Motor Boat Company and was shipped from Edmonton on December 1st to Prince Albert. Here the boat—which weighs five tons—was loaded on a sleigh and with eight teams of horses attached started on her long journey north over the rough trails to the big lake, where she arrived without a scratch.—Edmonton Bulletin.

The Duke of York, though left-handed, is considered the best billiard player in the Royal family.

Rub it in for Lame Back—A brisk rubbing with Dr. Thomas' Eucalyptic Oil will relieve lame back. The skin will immediately absorb the oil and it will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment sinks in, the pain comes out and there are ample grounds for saying that it is an excellent article.

Narrowly Escaped Death
When the closed automobile in which they were riding was struck by a train at Walkerville recently, J. Burke escaped through a hole torn in the roof of the car, while the automobile was being dragged 75 feet, and Frank O'Brien jumped to safety through the door of the car, which was thrown open by the crash.

Altaswede Clover
It is expected that about 3,000 lbs. of Altaswede clover will be produced in Alberta this season. This valuable clover was introduced into the province a few years ago by the University of Alberta. Only a very small quantity of seed was at first available.

Hungarians For Alberta
It is understood that four thousand Hungarians and two thousand Czechoslovaks will in the near future come to Calgary, from where they will be distributed throughout the west.

The stars are fixed in space, while the planets travel.

In 1917 there were 44,609.51 miles of electric lines in the United States.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Colds

Constipated Dyspeptic, Bilious

Strong purgatives have killed many a good man. Constipation is bad—violent cathartics are worse. If bothered with stomach trouble or biliousness, use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They are so mild you can scarcely feel their action, yet so effective that the entire system is cleansed of wastes.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills

Dr. Hamilton's Pills move the bowels gently, they tone the kidneys, assist digestion, clear the skin. For those subject to colds, biliousness, languor, there is no better medicine. Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c per box, \$5 for \$1.00, all dealers, or The Catarthozone Co., Montreal.

Discovered By Doctor

Was Pioneer in Introducing Tobacco In Europe

Every man who smokes owes a debt of gratitude to Francisco Fernandes. The commencement of the use of tobacco by civilized people has been traced back to his introduction in Europe. Fernandes was sent by King Philip Second of Spain to investigate the products of Mexico. As a result of his explorations Francisco Fernandes took the tobacco plant to Europe in 1563, for the first time on record. The use of tobacco in England dates from 1586 and the name of Sir Walter Raleigh is associated with its introduction there.

At first the plant was supposed to possess almost miraculous healing powers, and the poet Spenser called it "divine tobacco." Millions of people since those days have realized that tobacco is "a sweeter" of their lot in life and a great equalizer of the temper.

A Divorce Granted

After many years of patient suffering, a man can be divorced from corns. You can get rid of them completely by applying Putnam's. This wonderful old remedy acts in 24 hours and never fails. Refuse a substitute and remember: "Putnam's" is the only painless remedy. 25c everywhere.

The sun's face is 12,000 and its volume 1,300,000 times that of the earth. The force of gravity at the sun's surface is 27 times greater than that at the surface of the earth.

She Found Them A Marvellous Remedy

What Mrs. Morneau Says of Dodd's Kidney Pills

Quebec woman suffered from a complication of kidney troubles, and found relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills. (Specimen.)—The case of Dodd's Kidney Pills as a household remedy is shown by the following statement of Mrs. E. Morneau, a well-known resident here.

"I have suffered several months from rheumatism, backache, pains in the head and cramps." Mrs. Morneau says. "The pills which I bought of Dodd's Kidney Pills and they have greatly benefited me. I recommend them to all those who suffer from kidney complaints, for I have found them marvellous. You can tell others who suffer from bad kidneys that they are very good."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have become a family remedy all over the world, because people, and have tried them, and found them good. They are purely an— imply a kidney remedy. They help backache, rheumatism, lumbago, diabetes, heart disease and urinary troubles.

Approximately 1,300,000 persons die each year in the United States, government statisticians figure.

Entertain honor with humility and poverty with patience.

FACE A SIGHT WITH PIMPLES

Large and Red, Itched and Burned. Cuticura Heals.

"My face was itchy and broke out with large red pimples. They were scattered all over my face and itched and burned so that I scratched which caused them to grow larger. I could hardly sleep at night. They were a real torture and my face was a sight." "The trouble lasted about three months. I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and the first treatment stopped the itching and after using two cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment I was cured." (Signed) Miss Ora Goulette, R. F. D. 4, Box 56, Barre, Vt., March 24, 1922.

Use Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum carefully for every-day toilet purposes.

Sample Book Free Mail. Address: "The Great International Soap and Sanitary Supply Co., 123 N. W. 1st St., Minneapolis, Minn. Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold everywhere. Cuticura Soap always without soap."

W. N. U. 1537

Ireland As It Is

Improvement in General Tone of the People Is Noted

No picture of Irish life at the present time would be true were the improvement in the general tone of the people neglected. There is a cheerfulness which did not exist three months ago. People have begun to talk again about the ordinary affairs of life. The gloom has largely gone. Laughter is more frequent. You can see the change in the street, in the theatre, in the home.

Another great improvement is that even the staunch patriot is now not perfectly certain that the Irish are the greatest race in the world. There are doubts even in the densest minds as to whether liberty is all that it was supposed to be. We even stop sometimes to wonder what is liberty. In other words, our political education has begun—From the Round Table.

NOSE COLDS QUICKLY STOPPED

A neglected cold is the open gateway to consumption. To quickly stop a cold, the best way is to clear the air passages of the nose and throat; free them of germs, and let the healing vapor of CATARRHOZONE do the rest.

CATARRHOZONE brings instant relief. Your sufferings stop. Hoarseness is relieved, throat and nose are cleared, inflamed bronchial tubes are healed, all danger of Catarrh is prevented.

CATARRHOZONE Inhaler in your purse, in your vest pocket, and use it when the first shiver or sneeze comes. Complete outfit, One Dollar, small size 50c. At all druggists. Refuse a substitute. By mail from The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Peat Bogs In Canada

The peat bogs of Canada, as mapped by the mines department, have a total area of 22,000 acres, seven bogs within shipping distance of Toronto being estimated to contain 25,500,000 tons of peat. The number of bogs included in the map is 46 in Ontario, 17 in Quebec, 7 in Manitoba, and 27 in the Maritime Provinces.

To Make Delicious Sandwiches

A supply of Clark's Potted Meats gives you delicious sandwiches at a moment's notice. Suitable for luncheons, teas, late suppers, picnics, give them to the kiddies between meals.

"Let the Clark Kitchens help you."

Aircraft For Forests

Ontario to Have Largest Commercial Aircraft System in the World

With a view to giving greater protection to Ontario's vast forest areas, thirteen hydroplanes of Class A, HS 21 type, have been purchased by the Provincial Government of Ontario, according to a press despatch, and will be put into service on May 1 next. It is hoped thus to renew the confidence of those investing large sums of money in the organization and operation of pulp and paper industries and sawmills. When the present plans are completed and the air force organized for operation, Ontario, probably will have the largest commercial aircraft system in the world.

Of the sum of \$1,100,000 spent during the year 1922 to fight fires in the province, a large percentage was paid in wages, and with the exception of \$56,000 spent for aircraft patrol work, the remainder was expended in the upkeep of an organized land patrol. The department believed that, even with so great an expenditure, only a small portion of the northern area of forest land was properly patrolled, and with the adoption of aircraft, it is intended to divide the northern forest areas into districts.

In addition to giving adequate patrol service and protection to an area several times as large as that now patrolled, it is estimated that the province will save by the use of aircraft, at least \$250,000 per annum.

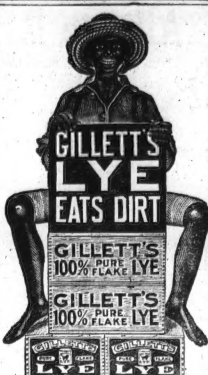
A Seaport As a Nucleus

Seaports of the east, in all the past history of Canada, have been regarded as the nucleus of the Dominion. Development westward has been regarded simply as the annexation of new territory to feed that nucleus. Within the past few years the port of Vancouver, re-emerging the new drama of cell-life, has become a new nucleus which the west must develop—Vancouver Sun.

C.P.R. Demonstration Train

In conjunction with the extension service of the provincial department of agriculture, the Canadian Pacific Railway will operate special cars over its Manitoba lines to demonstrate field and fodder crops. A carload of all varieties of seed will be carried for distribution at the points visited. Forty districts will be visited.

Minard's Liniment For Sprains



Eclipse of the Sun

About One Total Eclipse Occurs in Every Two Years

About one total eclipse of the sun occurs in every two years, but the phase of totality is so short—usually two or three minutes and never as much as eight minutes—that the average citizen can see it only in the small sections of the earth shadowed in only eight days in a century. The beautiful and significant phenomena presented are studied at a greater cost in effort and money than anything else so fleeting. Prof. S. A. Mitchell mentions that he has traveled more than 40,000 miles to witness four of these eclipses, and the total time for scientific observations was less than eleven minutes.

"Your husband is an inventor, I believe?" "Oh, yes! Some of his excuses for stopping out late at night are in use all over the world."

It Will Prevent Ulcerated Throat.

At the first symptoms of sore throat, which presages ulceration and inflammation, take a spoonful of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Add a little sugar to it to make it palatable. It will allay the irritation and prevent the ulceration and swelling that are so painful. Those who were periodically subject to quinsy have thus made themselves immune to attack.

Robbed Of Sunshine

It has just been announced that a sunshine recording instrument installed at Margat, Eng., in 1922 was defective and has failed by an hour a day to record the actual sunshine.

After Grippe SCOTT'S EMULSION should be taken every day for a month

ZIG-ZAG Cigarette Papers

Large Double Book 120 Leaves "Don't Buy" AVOID IMITATIONS NOW 5c

MONEY ORDERS

When ordering goods by mail send Dominion Express Money Order.

AGENTS WANTED TO COLLECT SCRAP IRON AND SHIP TO T. J. POWELL, 415 McIntyre Bldg., Winnipeg

How to Purify the Blood

"Fifteen to thirty drops of Extract of Root, commonly called Mother Seal's Curative Syrup, may be taken in water with meals and at bedtime, for indigestion, constipation and bad blood. Persistence in this treatment will give permanent relief in nearly every case." Get the genuine at druggists.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. THERAPION NO. 1. THERAPION NO. 2. THERAPION NO. 3.

No. 1 For Rheumatism. No. 2 For Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 For Chronic Weakness.

SOLE LEADING CHEMISTS, PHARMACIANS, DRUGGISTS, AND MEDICAL SUPPLY HOUSES.

25 ST. PATRICK STREET, MONTREAL.



Minard's Liniment For Sprains

Benson's
The Golden Syrup
with the wonderful flavour

IN 2-5 & 10 LB. TINS THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED

Potatoes!

The average-sized Canadian family's potato bill is \$25.00 a year. That warrants the use of a special pot. Here it is. The SMP Potato Pot. The ideal thing. Fill with water through the spout without removing cover. Note how the handle locks the cover on. You can drain off water leaving potatoes nicely and dry without spilling potatoes or scalding hands. Selling at low prices in hardware and general stores. Note the trade mark on the pot. Be sure you get

SMP Enamelled WARE

Three finishes: Pearl Ware, two coats of pearly grey enamel inside and out. Diamond Ware, three coats, light blue enamel, inside and white lining. Crystal Ware, three coats, pure white inside and out, with Royal Blue enamel.

Cleans Easier
SMP Enamelled Ware has a very hard, smooth surface, like your best china, and is as easy to clean. Requires no steel wool or special cleaners. Always clean, stain free from taint and odors. The enameled ware de luxe.

THE SHEET METAL PRODUCTS CO. LTD.
EDMONTON TORONTO VANCOUVER CALGARY

Alberta Refineries Ltd.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA

Now offers for public subscription 6,500 Preference Shares at \$10.00 each with the privilege of subscribing for one Common at \$1.00 each for every two Preferred.

Terms of subscription, one-third cash, balance on or before May 1st, 1924, payable to Montreal Trust Co. Edmonton, who are acting as trustee until full amount of \$65,000 in cash is received by them, when a shareholders meeting will elect a permanent board of directors and proceed to allotment and construction.

It is estimated that five weeks will complete the plant.

It is generally conceded that the refining end is the best end of the oil game. There is little or no element of risk attached to the refining end, such as is to be found in the producing end.

Just a year ago the Sunburst Refinery offered their stock of \$300,000 in Great Falls a city of 16,000 population. Two advertisements appeared in the Montana Oil Journal and the issue was over subscribed to the extent of \$200,000 in just thirteen days.

Now is the time to purchase preference stock in this highly profitable end of the industry, while a bonus of common can be had by the first purchasers.

Provisional Directors:—

John L. Mercer, President.
John P. Giefer, Vice-President.
Dr. Frank A. McCord, Sec. Treas.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS

MAY 15 TO SEPT. 30
FINAL RETURN OCT. 31, 1924

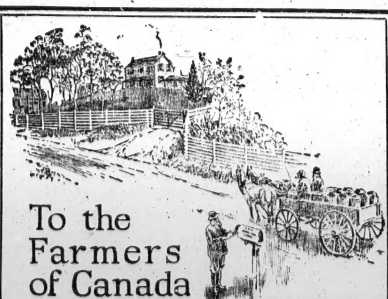
Eastern Canada

Pacific Coast

A FEW DAYS IN JASPER NATIONAL PARK — Canadian Rockies

Wide Choice of Routes via Canadian
National and Other Lines Embracing
Rail, Lake and Sea Trips.

Get full information from Local Agent



To the Farmers of Canada

To the men who till the soil and who thereby add to the wealth and prosperity of Canada, the Bank of Montreal extends its complete facilities and the helpful co-operation of its Branch Managers.

In all parts of Canada the Bank has conveniently located Branches to which farmers regularly come to discuss their plans and seasonal requirements with the Managers.



Small accounts are willingly handled.

A. D. JARDINE, Manager.
Irma Branch:

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established over 100 years

Greatest Opportunity Ever Offered to Secure Interest in Alberta's Leading Oil Fields

ABSOLUTELY FREE

PROBABLY YOU HAVE NOT REALIZED THE WONDERFUL CHANCES FOR INDEPENDENT FORTUNES TO THOSE WHO SECURE HOLDINGS IN ADVANCE IN NEW OIL FIELDS.

For several years we have watched the movements of Big Interests, in their endeavour to secure supremacy in this our greatest natural resource. These companies have been quietly working over all parts of Alberta, and have secured valuable information, which has led us to believe that Alberta will soon be the Leading Oil Producing country of the Continent.

The Times Leasing Club has secured five choice leases joining the holdings of the largest oil interests in Canada, other leases will be filed on in the near future. You have a chance to join this club and share in all the profits from its leases, absolutely free.

We are forming the TIMES LEASING CLUB and through this we hope to give all our subscribers a chance to obtain an interest in what we believe will soon be Alberta's Greatest Wealth Producing Industry.

You may obtain an interest in the Times Leasing Club, absolutely FREE by subscribing to the Irma Times for One Year at \$2.00 per year in Canada, or \$2.50 to foreign countries.

For a Limited time the Times will place in trust one dollar of each yearly subscription, for procuring leases for petroleum and natural gas rights from the Dominion Government and for furthering the interests of the Club. The Times will retain an undivided half interest in all leases and will assist in every way to benefit the members of this Club.

The membership in the Times Leasing Club may be worth many, many times the amount of your subscription in the very near future.

Once a member of the Club, always a member.

There are no dues, no assessments, no obligations of any kind. A trust to be handled for the benefit of members.

We have secured 200 acres of leases for our Club in Townships 45 and 46, Ranges 8 and 9, some of which joins the lease on which the Irma Oil Development Co. are drilling.

Can you imagine what a pay-off will mean when oil is found on one of our leases.

DON'T MISS This OPPORTUNITY

More interest is being manifest. More hopes are being born for the oil fields of Alberta.

What will happen as the drills go deeper? As soon as the oil is found in commercial quantities near our leases this opportunity will be gone for ever.

YOU CAN READ —

Of the trend of development in the columns of the Times that will come to you each week for one year.

YOU CAN WATCH —

For the news that will come of the wells being drilled near your OWN HOLDINGS.

SUCCESS of the TIMES LEASING CLUB would mean supreme achievement for Irma Times, The Alberta Oil Gazette.

Join Now before it is Too LATE. Use the Attached Coupon.

IRMA TIMES,
The Alberta Oil Gazette.
IRMA, ALBERTA.

Gentlemen:—

Attached find \$2.00 (\$2.50 for foreign countries) as payment for one year's subscription to the Irma Times, the Alberta Oil Gazette. It is understood that with this subscription I am to receive one free interest in the Times Leasing Club, and that I am to receive in accordance with this interest in all the future benefits of the Club.

Name

Address,

VIKING

At a meeting held last week by a number of baseball fans, O. Fitzmaurice was re-elected president of the baseball club and Ben Runyon, manager. It is expected from the material available this year that Viking will have a good team in the field.

Among the players who are in the town and district whom the manager has a likelihood of building his team with are Forrest Long, Harland Hilliker, Sandy Ross, Art Horton, Monte Hoskins, Clem Loughlin, Evan Jones, Chester Gravett, Geo. Theriault, Curly Parks, Art Reishus, the two Lapp brothers and several others no doubt who are ball players. Whether all of the above mentioned will be here this summer or available for the Viking team is not certain, but there are good prospects for a team and as soon as the weather settles down the boys should be out limbering up. A subscription list was taken around town this week for funds to start the team again. Everybody is rarin' to see some good baseball this summer so let's go!

A dance will be held in Jensen's hall, Friday evening of this week as a farewell to the Misses Rowena Harris, Mildred Bishop and Irene O'Leary who are leaving next Monday for Detroit. The dance will be put on immediately after the closing act of the play "Miss Perkins' Last Engagement" and will continue for two or three hours. Mrs. Lester Currie has been engaged to preside at the piano for the local orchestra, and those who have heard her know that she is a very capable pianist. A general invitation is extended to all to attend this dance.

A number of ladies met at the home of Mrs. H. B. Collier Saturday afternoon to assist in arranging costumes for the "Old Fashioned Mother" to be given May 9th. Many quaint old-fashioned dresses were ready for the wearers but the ladies of today were found to be much larger than our Grandmothers. Mrs. Collier served a delicious luncheon during the afternoon.

In the departure of Johnny O'Leary recently for Detroit, Mich., Viking has lost a good hockey player and a promising baseball player. But we are certain that Johnny will catch on with some fast outfit in Detroit as hockey is being introduced in the States and is meeting with great popularity.

Mr. Callander of the Viking Creamery has been transferred to Irma and Kinsella creameries. Percy Jones of Edmonton comes to Viking in his place.

Mr. H. W. Love, editor of the Irma Times, was in town the latter part of the week drumming up interest in an oil leasing proposition and met with considerable success.

Mrs. Anderson and little daughter Claire, of Revelstoke, B. C. are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. L. R. Dayton.

The twelfth annual District Convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held in Vegreville on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 6-7; all meetings in the Union Church.

The local branch is sparing no pains to make this a successful convention. Honoring out-of-town delegates, as well as some of our own prominent townspeople, the members will hold a banquet at 6.30 on Tuesday evening. At 8.15 Mrs. McKinney, M.L.A., Provincial president, will give an address in the Union Church, to which every one is cordially invited. No admission.

Wednesday evening, a gold medal contest will be held, in the Union Church, in which three of Vegreville's young people, as well as contestants from other unions, will participate. There will be music by some of our best talent at this, as well as other sessions. An admission of 25c per person, will be charged for the contest.

Taking it, all in all, members of the local union aim to do credit to themselves, as well as to their town in their entertainment of the visitors.

Ernie Williams of Kinsella and "Bud" Loftus, Kinsella each purchased a Sedan from McAthey & Jones last week.

INNISFREE

Several farmers have started work on the land discing, etc., but it will be the end of next week before the ground is in shape for seeding.

Birch Lodge No. 43 celebrated the 105th anniversary of the I. O. O. F. on Thursday night. They were joined by the Victory Rebekah lodge. A most enjoyable social event followed.

The Loftus livery barn, which stood in town for the past ten years is being moved to the farm two miles north. It has been necessary to widen the railway crossing for the occasion and some sixteen teams will be employed, the frame work minus the roof having been hoisted on wheels. Dickson and Hunter shipped out seven car loads of stock from here Friday, five cars going to Toronto, one to Guelph and one to Vancouver.

THE IRMA TIMES Classified Directory.

IRMA OIL
DEVELOPMENT Co., Ltd.
(Non-Personal Liability)

Operating Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright Field.

Address — IRMA, Alberta

IRMA OIL HOLDINGS Ltd.
(Non-Personal Liability)

Has extensive Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright acreage.

Office — IRMA, Alberta

MAPLE LEAF OIL CO.,
Limited.

(Non-Personal Liability)

Operating in
Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright Fields

Address:
912-13-14-15 Vancouver Bldg,
Vancouver, B. C.

Advertiser will pay cash for well located leases in the Wainwright field. Full information and cash prices to Box "M".

IRMA-WAINWRIGHT
OIL DISTRICT MAPS
Published By

McKay, Turner Co.

Tegler Building, Edmonton
MAP W1.—Twps. 43 to 47 Inclusive. Ranges 4 to 9 Incl. Scale 1 in. Equals 2 miles. Size 20 in. x 20 in. showing location and description of all wells, topographical features, railways, legal subdivisions, etc. Price 50c.

MAP W2.—Twps. 43 to 48 & Ranges 4 to 9 Inclusive. Scale 1 in. equals 1 mile. Size 38" x 42" Same as W1. Price \$1.50.

MAP W3.—Twps. 3 to 13, Ranges 43 to 51 Inclusive. Scale 1 inch equals 2 miles. Size 36" x 36". Same as W1, also shows holdings of drilling and holding companies, all lands filed on to date, gas wells, oil wells, geological boundary, index. Price \$1.00.

DR. W. L. McMACHEN

Dental Surgeon

—Will be at Irma on Wednesday, of each week over Larson's store.

IRMA LODGE No. 56

I. O. O. F.

Meets every 1st and 3rd. Tuesdays in each month in Larson's Hall. W. M. Anderson, N. G. P. J. Hardy, V. C. Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary.

IRMA REBEKAH LODGE No. 8

I. O. O. F.

Meets every 2nd and 4th. Tuesday in each month in Larson's Hall. M. Tucker, N. G. D. L. Tate, V. C. I. C. Knudson, Secretary.

H. V. FIELDHOUSE, K. C.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Etc. Special Attention to Collections and Estates

Oil Leases Bought and Sold
WAINWRIGHT. ALBERTA

IF YOU INTEND HOLDING AN AUCTION SALE, OR HAVE CATTLE OR HOGS TO SHIP
SEE ME

J. W. STUART

WAINWRIGHT. ALBERTA

For Sale dates in Irma district see R. J. Tate, Irma.

DR. H. L. COURSIER

Dental Surgeon

Post. Grad. in Block Anesthesia, Plate and Bridge Work. Appointments by mail for out of town patients.

At Edgerton Thursday.

At Irma Tuesday.

Wainwright, Alta.

Notice

I will be in my Irma Office on the following dates:

MAY 14th.
JUNE 11th.
JULY 16th

And by Special Appointment

C. G. PURVIS